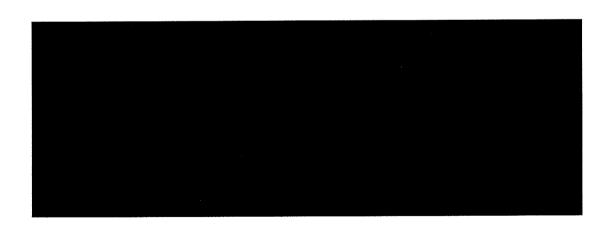


# Authorisation of the Environmental Impact Assessment of the export project

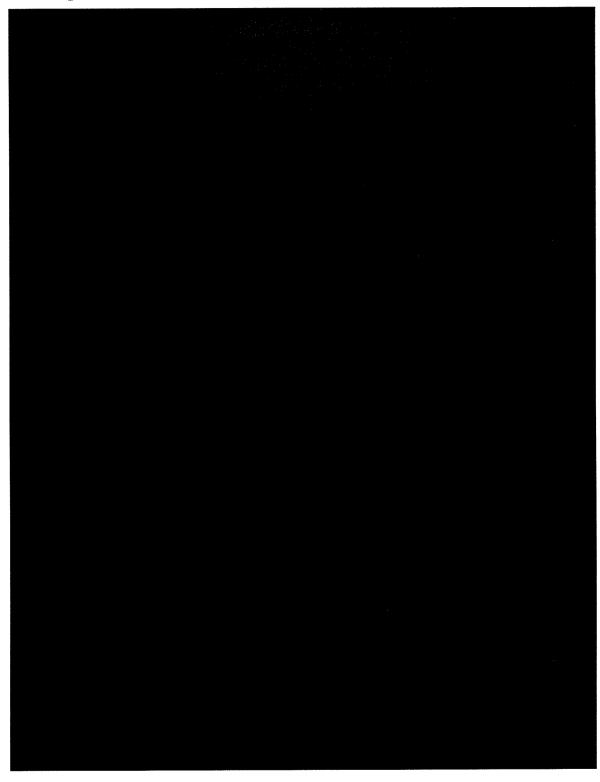


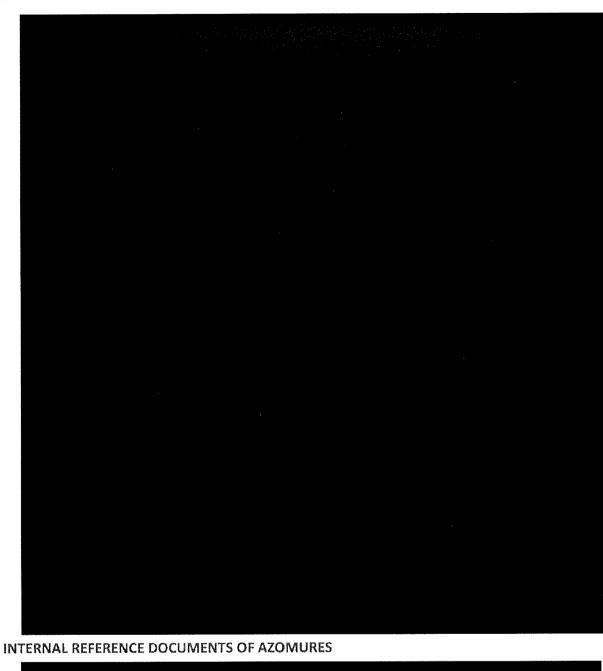
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1. Background documents for the preparation of authorisation of the environmental impact assessment of the export project

1.1 The legislative framework





## 2. Basic characteristics of the export project

Project Title:

Main activity profile:

**Project Location (State):** 

Information on the project proprietor:

The general contractor:

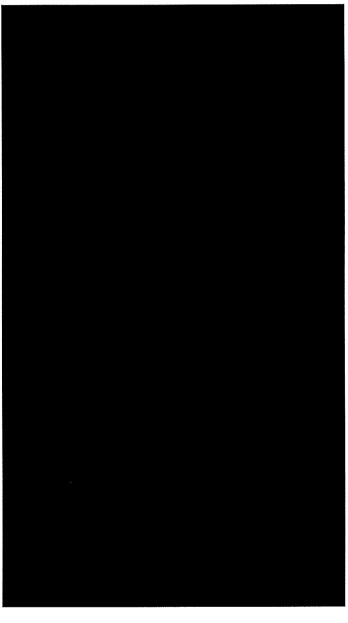
Author of EIA for analyzed objective:

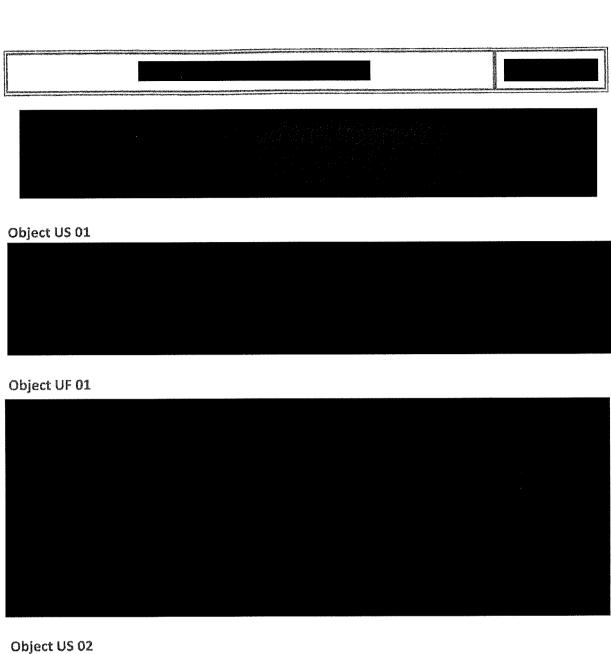
Capacity:

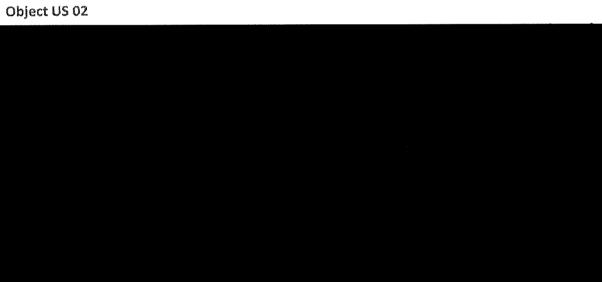
Romania

S. C. AZOMURES S. A.

CHEMOPROJECT NITROGEN a.s.







## 2.1 Description of the project

The Project comprises of the following units:

## Urea solution plant:

US 01	
US 02	
US 03	
US 04	
US 05	
US 06	
US 07	

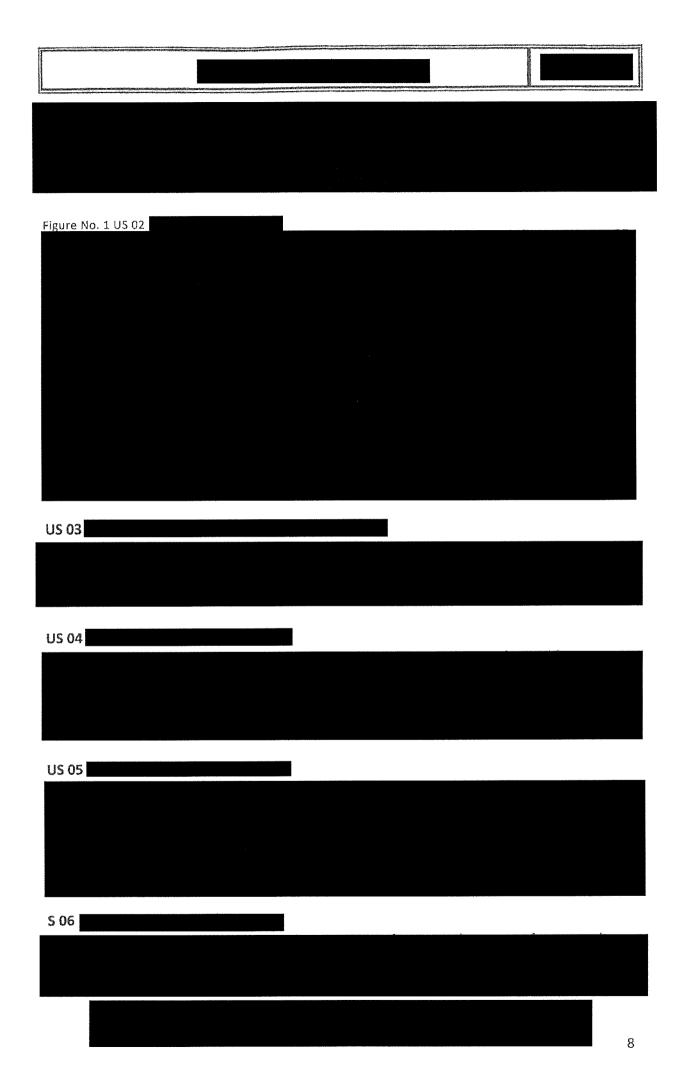
## Urea finishing section:



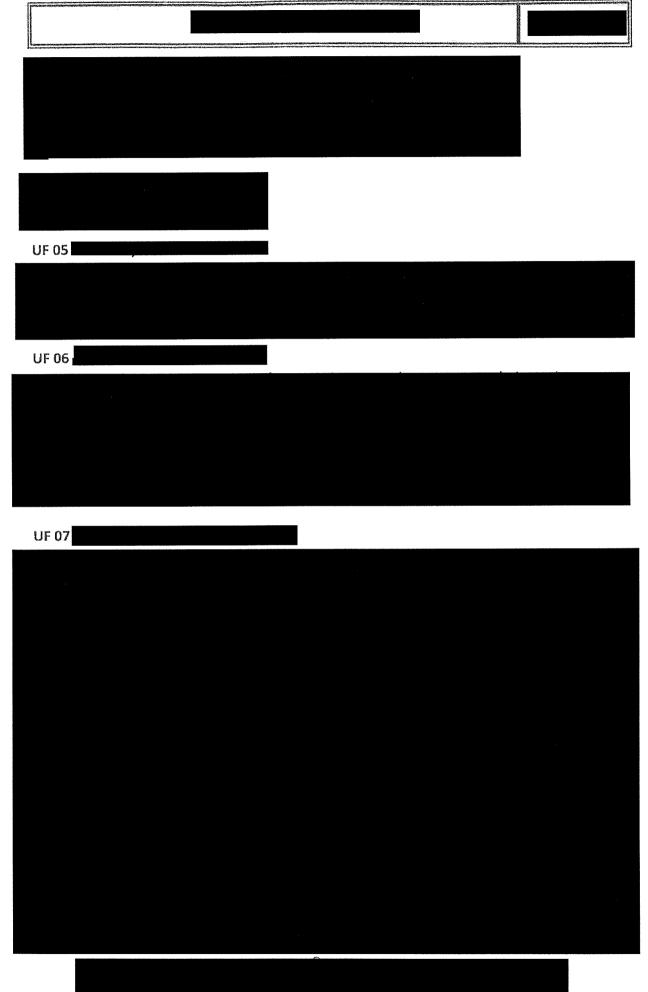


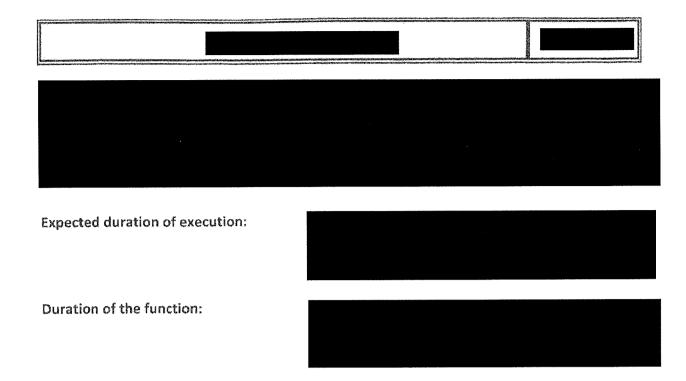






US 07		
UF 01		
Figure No. 2.		
UF 02		







## 3. Data on inputs and outputs from the environmental point of view

#### 3.1 Inputs

#### Water

Drinking water is supplied from the city's drinking water network, through a mm connection pipe to the drinking water main in Gh. Doja Street and a mm connection pipe to the drinking water main in Libertaii Street, according to public connection and drinking water supply public service contract no.

Technological water is supplied from the main surface source, from the Mures River, through

Fire extinguishing water is supplied from the same surface source as the technological water.

catchment dam no, 2, managed by the Mures Basinal Administration.

#### Soil

There is no additional needs on soil occupy. The project is located in AZOMURES S.A. industrial platform is in the western extremity of Tg. Mures municipality's industrial area, at about 4 km from the city's centre, on 300 Gh. Doja Street, Mures County. Geographical coordinates: 24,506413 N longitude, 46,515375 E latitude.

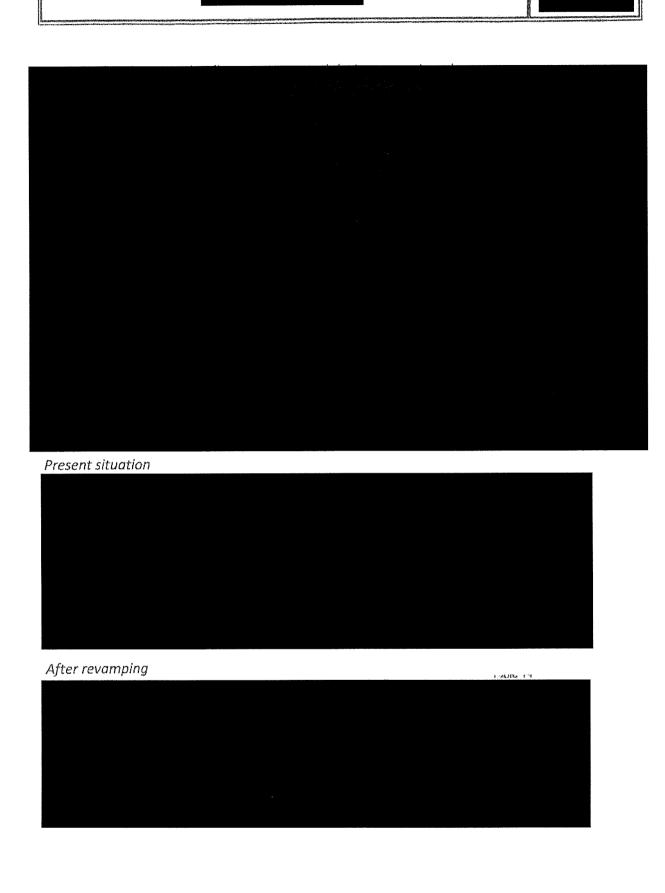
Due to the fact that the company is located in an industrial area, there are no protected areas from the soil or geology point of view or sensitive areas.

#### 3.2 Outputs

#### Air

During the construction and instalment works, emissions in atmosphere can be generated by exhaust gases of the machines and equipment specific for the execution period, and by the dust from the surfaces on which they move.

The emissions generated are reduced in quantity due to the reduced number of machines and to the fact that not much manoeuvring is necessary, consequently there will only be an insignificant impact, in the immediate surroundings of the plant. Small quantities of gases will be generated from the oxyacetylene and / or electric welding.



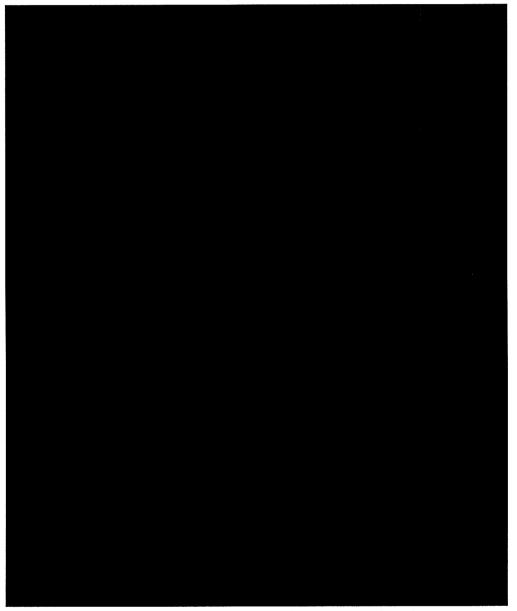
#### Noise

For the execution of the various categories of works, the specific machines and equipment used during execution may represent a possible source of noise and vibrations. Noise level associated to the various equipment used are:

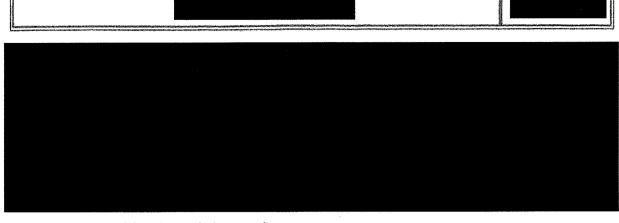


#### Waste

Estimated amounts of waste during construction phase:



The estimated quantities of waste generated in the operation phase are:



### Transport or modification existing roads

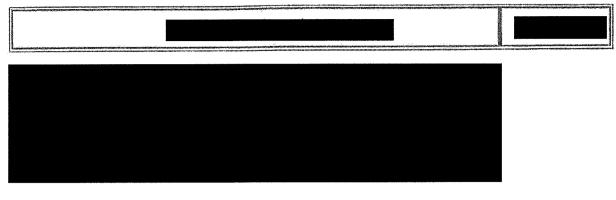
Carriageways will be created for the two buildings, which will be connected to the roads on the premises.

4. Data on the condition of the environment in the territory where the export project will be implemented

#### Social, economic and cultural aspects of the area

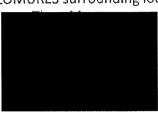
From the social point of view the area which can be defined as potentially affected by project realisation and project operation is about 30-40 km around Tirgu-Mures. In the context of potentially affected regions next municipality are situated over there.





#### Air

AZOMURES surrounding localities potentially affected by pollution:



The cumulated effects due to the other surrounding plants are studied for pollutants with similar effects and the stationary emissions with ammonia and urea dust content are shown in the table below:

Objective / Plant	Measurement point	Emission source code	Parameter determined	Output Nm³/h	Functioning hours	Emissions yearly average 2013 mg/Nm³	Pollutant quantity kg/year
Ammonia / Ammonia III	Stripping column process condensate						
Ammonia / Ammonia IV	Stripping column process condensate						
Nitric Acid / Nitric Acid II	Residual gas exhaust nozzle						
Nitric Acid / Nitric Acid III	Residual gas exhaust nozzle						
Nitric Acid / Nitric Acid IV	Residual gas exhaust nozzle						
Ammonium Nitrate / Ammonium Nitrate I+II	Granulation towers (10 stacks)						
Ammonium Nitrate / Ammonium Nitrate I+II	Gas evacuation after the scrubber						
Ammonium Nitrate / Ammonium Nitrate III	Granulation tower						
Ammonium Nitrate / Ammonium	Fluid bed evacuation						

Objective / Plant	Measurement point	Emission source code	Parameter determined	Output Nm³/h	Functioning hours	Emissions yearly average 2013 mg/Nm³	Pollutant quantity kg/year
Nitrate III	,			**************************************			***************************************
Liquid fertilizers – UAN	UAN + Urea vessel						
Urea / Revamped Urea	Exhaust stack from acid wash scrubber – 1 stack						
NPK / Production hall	Granulation tower – joint stack for gases from F and NOx gas washing (1309), NH3 gas washing (1310), vessel aspiration (V1320)						
NPK / Production hall	CaCO3 filter aspiration						
NPK / Production hall	Granulation tower – evacuation (10 fans) 1A-10A						
NPK / phospho- ammonia water concentratio n plant	BO4 evacuation in atmosphere						
Melamine / Ejector	PE2 urea melt concentration phase ejector						

#### Fauna and Flora

The project is located in an industrial area, no other lands, greens areas, animal species or habitats are affected. The functioning of the after revamping will lead to the significant reduction of the impact on fauna and flora in the areas neighbouring AZOMURES. According to the assessments regarding the impact on fauna and flora, it is estimated that it will be insignificant during the construction stage, and much diminished in the operational stage compared to the present situation and on the long term.

#### Forests and landscape

The industrial platform is located in the western part of Tg.Mures municipality's industrial area, at about 4 km away from the center of the city. The location of the plant is neighboured by the industrial area on AZOMURES premises. The production unit will be consistent with the general image of the area and will not modify the general landscape character.

- 5. Comprehensive characteristics and evaluation of effects of the export project on the population and on the environment
- 5.1 The expected significant environmental impacts

#### Air Quality

Significant reduction of impact about reduction of the NH<sub>3</sub> quantity and reduction of the urea dust quantity in the gases evacuated from the stack of the finishing section.

Significant reduction of impact, reduction of emission concentration:

#### Noise and vibration

For the execution of the various categories of works, the specific machines and equipment used during execution may represent a possible source of noise and vibrations. Another potential source of noise during the execution of the investment is represented by the mechanical machines transporting the materials necessary for execution of the works. All equipment used during execution will comply with the level of acoustic power imposed by GD 1756/2006 regarding the limitation of noise emissions levels in the environment produced by equipment intended for use outside buildings.

The urea solution production process has local insignificant sources of noise. The main sources of noise during operation will be the transfer pumps. The urea solution plant will replace certain equipment in the existing plant with more performant ones, so any noise level, combined with the existing sources, will not increase.

#### Water Quality

The technological water necessary on site is ensured from the surface intake, from Mures River, through catchment dam no, 2, managed by the Mures Basinal Administration.

The necessary amount of technological water for the urea solution plant, including the quantity estimated for the new production capacities, has been authorized according to Water Management Permit

From the execution phase of the project, no technological water will result, consequently no impact on water quality is prognosed.

The probability of occurrence of a quantifiable or significant impact on water quality during the construction phase is very reduced, considering the type of activities.

The wastewaters resulted from the construction activities will generate a direct insignificant impact, in the case of domestic wastewaters, which will be discharged in the municipal sewerage network. It is estimated that the project's impact on water quality will be insignificant and short term for the construction phase.

For the operating phase, one of the project's objective is the revamping of the wastewater treatment plant in view of treating the wastewater flows resulted after revamping, and compliance of the ammonia and urea concentrations of the purified process condensate with the admitted limits, according to the Integrated Environmental Permit and BREF-BAT documentation.

After project implementation, the same types of wastewaters will result. These will be treated on site, in a new treatment plant.

#### Soil

During implementation of the project

- Uncontrolled storage of waste;
- Accidental leaks of petrol products from the activity of the machines and vehicles;
- Modifications of drainage conditions due to excavation works;
- Erosion processes of the stripped soil.

#### During exploitation

- Pollutant emissions from the finishing section;
- Negative modification of soil and subsoil elements caused by accidental leaks / spilling of raw materials or auxiliary materials during transport and manipulation;
- Negative modification of soil and subsoil elements caused by exfiltrations of ranks and sewerage networks;
- Uncontrolled storage and elimination of waste and hazardous substances;

#### Socio-economic aspects

- Creating new workplaces during the construction phase;
- Increasing investments in Tg. Mures municipality;
- Increasing the quality of life of the employees by giving them the possibility to operate modern equipment and machines;
- The significant improvement of the quality of life of the sensitive receptors, the inhabitants of Tg. Mures municipality and neighbouring communes by reducing the ammonia and dust emissions resulting in the present production process, following the completion of the integrated project Urea Plant Revamping, which includes the production unit and the urea solution plant.

All these aspects will contribute to the economic growth of the area.

#### Cultural aspect

Considering the specific character of the works, as well as their location within the municipality's perimeter, we cannot discuss about any impact on cultural or ethnic conditions, or on the areas cultural patrimony.

#### 5.2 Comparison of solution

In order to assessment the environmental impact of the investment

location on Azomures SA Tirgu onsidered, for the situation without

Mures premises, the "0" (non – action) alternative was considered, for the situation without project implementation, and the alternative with the implementation of the project (active variant) for increasing capacity and compliance to environmental requirements.

For the identification of significant impacts all activities affected by project implementation were considers, as well as environmental receptors and potential interactions between components and activities.

From the assessment of impact, as a comparison between the present situation (non – action variant) and after the implementation of the variant), on the location and within the S.C. AZOMURES S.A. industrial platform, the following are obvious:

- Impact on surface waters is significantly reduced compared to the present situation, and cumulated impact on waters is a positive;
- Impact on soil and ground waters is maintained to the present level;
- Impact on atmospheric air after commissioning is significantly reduced compared to the present situation, and basically modifies the present impact, bringing a visible positive impact.

6. Summary evaluation of compliance with the rules under consideration exports for environmental protection

The available project documentation and impact assessment of the construction and operation on the environment in the village Mures, Republic of Romania at this stage of development very reliable. The negative impacts do not exceed the limits set by laws and regulations.

Based on the available data the export project corresponds to the relevant Romanian and European limits and the key parameters are compatible with the standards of the World

6.1 Comparison of chosen technologies with Best Available Techniques BAT Reference Document on Best Available Techniques for the Manufacture of Large Volume Inorganic Chemicals, Ammonia, Acids and Fertilizers, 2007" (EC-BAT 2007). According to EC-BAT 2007, the basic objectives of revamping a conventional plant with stripping technology are:

- Increase of production capacity;
- Decrease of the raw material specific consumption;
- Reduction of pollution;

Bank.

Reduction of maintenance costs;

According to EC-BAT 2007, the basic principle of revamping implies combining condensation and synthesis in one equipment, a principle applied also to this project, in the following configuration:

 Stripper + combined equipment (condenser/synthesis pre-reactor) + synthesis reactor.

In the case of this project, the combined equipment is the pool condenser.

- The recycling technology applied and the proposed plant and equipment, as well as the process parameters are compliant with BAT/BREF provisions;
- The specific raw material consumptions, per ton of produced urea, are compliant with BAT/BREF provisions;
- The wastewater emissions resulted from process condensate and draining will comply to BAT/BREF conditions;
- The air emissions resuRed from the Urea Solution Plant are collected and sent for purification and ammonia recovery in the wash scrubber system in the new Finishing Section. Purification of the gases discharged from the Finishing Section will by compliant, both from the qualitative and quantitative point of view, with BAT/BREF requirements.

- 7. Unique final evaluation of the acceptability or unacceptability of the impact of the project on the environment
- 7.1 Mitigation measures during operation of the project

#### Air Quality (reduction air pollution)

During the implementation of the investment no decontamination equipment or additional protective measures are necessary.

#### During operation phase

For the minimization of pollutant emissions in the atmosphere and compliance to the limits foreseen by the legislation in force, the following mitigation measures have been established:

- system of significantly higher efficiency, based on the fluid bed granulation technology;
- increasing environmental performances by reducing dust and ammonia emissions which result in the current granulation process;
- recovering the ammonia from the flows with ammonia content sent from the
   by washing them in the scrubber of the
- maintaining the gas decontamination systems in optimum parameters;
- compliance with the daily technical inspection procedures, the regular technical inspections procedures;
- continuous compliance and monitoring of operating parameters;
- continuous monitoring of ammonia and urea dust emissions at the gas evacuation stak of the
- installing a modem central command and control system, with the integration of the existing equipment;
- updating all existing electrical and measurement and control equipment which are reused and replacing those which are technically obsolete.

#### Water Quality

In order to prevent any impact on water quality, the following measures will be taken:

- ensuring the proper functioning of the separative collection system of the various wastewater categories;
- full compliance with the treatment technology, according to the operation manual;

- monitoring of the end quality parameters of the treated waters, with the standard frequency and methods imposed by regulatory documents:
- maintaining in good conditions the soil waterproofing arrangements (concrete platforms, concrete access roads).

## Soil (reduction of damage and contamination of the soil)

Ĉ.	Poliution source	Prevention and militarion measures
Constraint Nass		- CASE SECTION OF THE PROPERTY
Abrente	Uncontrolled storage of waste	Adequate management of waste at the work point  Training of personnel regarding the selective collecting of waste Selective collection of construction waste and handing over to authorized operators in view of recovery / elimination, Installment of acologic trash cars for the selective collection of domestic waste, handing over the recyclable part to an authorized operator in view of reuse and the biodegradable part to the sanitation services operator.
Cu	Accidental leakage of petrol products from machine and vehicle activity	In order to prevent soil and subsoil contamination with petrol products or oils discharged in case of accidental spills, a platform was arranged on site, for the parking of vehicles / machines, absorbent materials are available (sand, furf, etc.), and special equipment is used for urgent intervention in case of accidental leaks of perior products and / or used oils;
A Commence and a comm	Temporary occupation of the soil with construction materials and / or excavated materials	Construction materials will be stored in special established and arranged areas for a short period of time, and the excavated material will be used as filting or will be handed over to an authorized operator for elimination and reuse
A continuos de la continuo del continuo de la continuo de la continuo del continuo de la continu	Modifications of drainage conditions due to excavation works	<ul> <li>Excavation works will be executed according to the project and legislation in force, considering the hydrogeological structure of the area;</li> <li>No excavation works will be executed in extreme meteorological conditions (rain, storm, etc).</li> </ul>
**************************************	Erosion process of stripped soil	Stripping works will be executed during a short period of time, on a reduced allea, and will observe the legislation in force and the project;
Operation phase  Police  Integration phase	Pollutant emissions in the atmosphere resulted from the megative influence on soil	In order to prevent almospheric pollutant from sectimenting, with negative influences on the soil and subsoil, the following measures were considered:  Introducing a technology with increased performance, based on fluid bed granulation.  Reduction of emissions in air by washing the dust in the wash scrubbers

#### 7.2 General conclusions

Most of the effects incurred due to the implementation of this project are significantly positive. Revamping of the Urea Plant will reduce, to a significant extent, the current sources of pollution and will allow using safer technological procedures and processes, which will take place in strictly controlled regime.

The will lead to increased safety for the operating personnel and for the environment, by reducing significantly the ammonia and dust emissions in the air from the surrounding areas, and thus for the inhabitants of Tg. Mures municipality and adjacent communes.

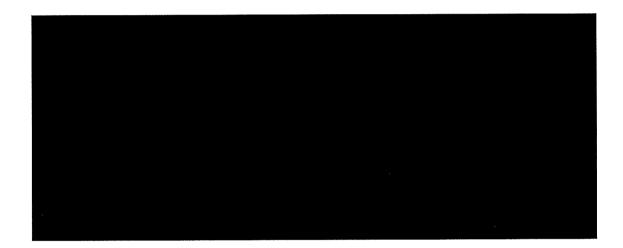


Components of the	Suitable	Not Suitable	Not evaluated	Notes
Environment			-	
Effects on the	**************************************	**************************************		
population, including				
socio-economic				
impacts				
Impacts on air and				
climate				
Impacts on noise				
situation				
Impacts on surface				
and groundwater				
Impacts on soil Influences on the				
geological environment and				
natural resources				
Impacts on fauna,				
flora and ecosystems				
Impacts on				
landscape				
Impacts on tangible				
assets and cultural				
heritage				
overall assessment				
7 de la constanta de la consta				

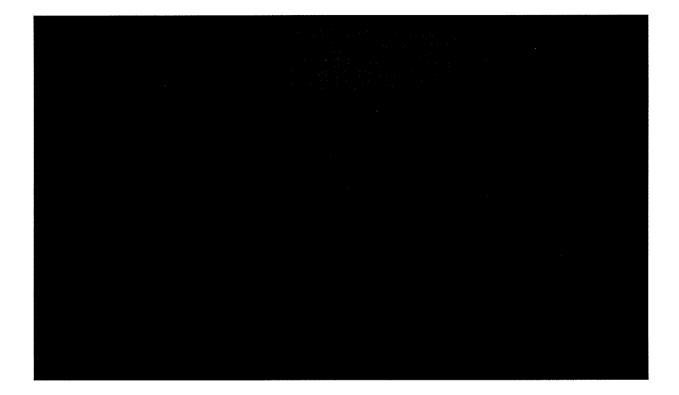
## 8. Materials, which are used in the report



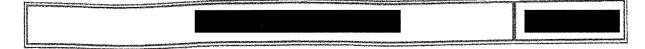
## Internal reference documents of AZOMURES



3.1 Site Pictures (present state, before project realisation)









Existing Urea Plant



9. Authors of Authorisation of the environmental impact assessment of the export project

Date of the realization of the authorisation of the environmental impact assessment of the export project:

Signature of relevant person responsible for Authorisation of the environmental impact assessment of the export project: