Dohoda o partnerství s finančním příspěvkem

uzavřená podle § 1746 odst. 2 zákona č. 89/2012 Sb., občanský zákoník, ve znění pozdějších předpisů



KUMSP00ZF5PT

I. Smluvní strany

MORAVSKOSLIZS	KÝ KRAJ - K	RAISKÝ ÚŘAD
	LOUVY (DOD	
OPS P	2022 rok	EP zkr. odb.

1. Moravskoslezský kraj

se sídlem:

28. října 117, 702 18 Ostrava

IČO:

70890692

DIČ:

CZ70890692

bankovní spojení:

UniCredit Bank Czech Republic and Slovakia, a.s.

číslo účtu (EUR): číslo účtu (CZK):

2105986274/2700 2106253574/2700

zastoupen:

prof. Ing. Ivo Vondrákem, CSc., hejtmanem kraje

(dále jen "žadatel")

Projektový manažer/kontaktní osoba oprávněná jednat ve věcech realizace dohody:

2. Główny Instytut Górnictwa

se sídlem:

Plac Gwarków 1, 40 – 166 Katowice

Regon:

000023461

NIP: KRS:

PL6340126016 0000090660

bankovní spojení:

ING Bank Śląski S.A.

číslo účtu (EUR):

PL18 1050 1214 1000 0090 3269 9051

zastoupen:

prof. dr hab. inż. Stanisław Prusek, Ředitel

(dále jen "partner")

Projektový manažer/kontaktní osoba oprávněná jednat ve věcech realizace dohody:

II. Úvodní ustanovení

- 1. Tato dohoda o partnerství s finančním příspěvkem (dále jen "dohoda") vymezuje práva a povinnosti smluvních stran a stanoví podmínky jejich spolupráce při realizaci integrovaného projektu "IP LIFE for Coal Mining Landscape Adaptation" v rámci podprogramu Životní prostředí a klima a výzvy z roku 2020 (dále jen "projekt") za podmínek dle Grant Agreement a všech jeho příloh, zejména General Conditions, který byl podepsán dne 16. 12. 2021, tvoří přílohu č. 3 a je nedílnou součástí této dohody (dále jen "smlouva o dotaci"). V případě rozporu mezi smlouvou o dotaci a touto dohodou má přednost smlouva o dotaci. Projekt je realizován v rámci "LIFE Integrated Projects 2020" - Environment and Climate Action sub-programmes (dále jen "LIFE").
- 2. Globálním cílem projektu je úspěšně implementovat cíle Adaptační strategie žadatele na dopady změny klimatu (přijaté v lednu 2020) a tím zvýšit klimatickou odolnost kraje, zlepšit kvalitu prostředí pro život jeho obyvatel a podpořit jeho udržitelný rozvoj. Hlavním cílem je zavést systém adaptace a ve vazbě na ni i mitigace v kraji, který se



stane součástí běžných agend na úrovni místních samospráv i žadatele. Dalšími cíli je zlepšit využití i koordinaci potřebných nástrojů, zapojit významné stakeholdery, navázat těsná partnerství s podobnými regiony v EU, čímž se mimo jiné přispěje k úspěšné transformaci kraje a dlouhodobému zlepšení jeho image.

Seznam všech projektových aktivit a jejich rozložení v čase tvoří přílohu č.1 této dohody. V případě schválení změny projektu, která bude mít za následek změnu tabulky v příloze č. 1, není nutné uzavírat dodatek. Aktuální podoba tabulky bude všem partnerům vždy k dispozici. Za sdílení tabulky odpovídá žadatel.

- 3. Smluvní strany jsou povinny postupovat při realizaci projektu v souladu s metodikou LIFE, zejména s podmínkami smlouvy o dotaci a pokyny CINEA (řídicí orgán, dále jen "poskytovatel dotace"), nebo dalších stran jmenovaných poskytovatelem dotace. Smluvní strany prohlašují, že mají přístup k výše zmíněné dokumentaci a jsou s ní seznámeny.
- 4. Smluvní strany prohlašují, že údaje uvedené v čl. I této dohody jsou v souladu se skutečností v době uzavření dohody. Smluvní strany se zavazují, že změny dotčených údajů oznámí bez prodlení písemně druhé smluvní straně. V případě změny účtu na straně partnera je povinen rovněž doložit vlastnictví k novému účtu, a to kopií příslušné smlouvy nebo potvrzením peněžního ústavu. Při změně identifikačních údajů smluvních stran (i osob oprávněných jednat ve věcech dohody) včetně změny účtu není nutné uzavírat k této dohodě dodatek.

III. Práva a povinnosti smluvních stran

- 1. Smluvní strany přijmou veškerá vhodná a nezbytná opatření k zajištění plnění závazků a cílů vyplývajících z této dohody.
- 2. Každá smluvní strana jmenuje projektového manažera, který nese odpovědnost za realizaci projektu a slouží jako kontaktní osoba pro veškerou komunikaci mezi smluvními stranami.
- 3. Partner nemá právo převést svá práva a povinnosti z této dohody na jiný subjekt bez předchozího souhlasu žadatele. Partner bere na vědomí, že veškeré postoupení práv a povinností z této dohody je podmíněno předchozím souhlasem poskytovatele dotace v souladu s ustanoveními smlouvy o dotaci.
- 4. Smluvní strany jsou povinny řídit se při zadávání veřejných zakázek v rámci projektu platnými právními předpisy.
- 5. Partner přijme veškerá nezbytná opatření, aby při plnění dohody nedošlo ke střetu zájmů, a to zejména v důsledku hospodářského zájmu, politické nebo národní spřízněnosti, rodinných nebo emocionálních vazeb nebo jakéhokoli jiného relevantního spojení nebo společného zájmu. Jakýkoli střet zájmů, který by mohl vzniknout během plnění dohody, musí být neprodleně písemně oznámen žadateli. V případě takového konfliktu přijme partner neprodleně veškerá nezbytná opatření k jeho vyřešení. Žadatel má právo si ověřit, zda jsou tato opatření přiměřená, a může požadovat, aby byla v případě potřeby přijata ve stanovené lhůtě dodatečná opatření.
- 6. Smluvní strany jsou povinny ve spolupráci s dalšími partnery projektu ustanovit Řídicí výbor. Činností Řídicího výboru bude zejména projednávat a schvalovat podklady a návrhy změn a monitorovacích zpráv, plán práce Stálé konference MS-Klimatické aliance, sledovat harmonogram a rozpočet projektu, řešit případné spory, after life.

IV. Povinnosti žadatele

- 1. Žadatel odpovídá za celkovou koordinaci, řízení a realizaci projektu v souladu s metodikou LIFE a za podmínek smlouvy o dotaci. Žadatel přebírá výhradní odpovědnost za realizaci projektu směrem k poskytovateli dotace.
- 2. Žadatel se zavazuje poskytnout partnerovi finanční prostředky na základě podmínek určených touto dohodou a v souladu s rozpočtem v Eurech, včetně limitů pro jednotlivé platby, které jsou přílohou č. 2 této dohody.
- 3. Žadatel je povinen zejména:

a) zajistit správné a včasné provádění činností v rámci projektu;

- neprodleně informovat partnera o všech okolnostech, které mohou mít negativní dopad na správné a včasné provedení některé z činností projektu, a o jakékoli události, která by mohla vést k ukončení projektu nebo jeho změně;
- c) umožnit partnerovi přístup ke všem dostupným dokumentům, údajům a informacím, které má k dispozici a které mohou být nezbytné nebo užitečné pro plnění jeho povinností v rámci projektu;
- d) konzultovat s partnerem před podáním jakoukoli žádost o změnu smlouvy o dotaci, pokud by mohla ovlivnit práva a povinnosti partnera podle této dohody;
- e) včas připravit a předložit poskytovateli dotace průběžné projektové zprávy (dále jen "monitorovací zprávy") a další dokumenty potřebné k žádosti o platbu;
- f) převádět veškeré platby vůči partnerovi ve stanovených lhůtách, a to na jeho bankovní účet uvedený v čl. I této dohody;
- g) zajistit partnerovi v případě potřeby pomoc nutnou pro plnění jeho úkolů vyplývajících z této dohody;
- h) zajišťovat a řídit komunikaci v rámci projektu, včetně publicity projektu, v souladu s požadavky LIFE a komunikační strategií projektu, která bude výstupem jedné z aktivit projektu (A.1.4. Příprava komunikační strategie);
- i) blíže specifikovat Statut a Jednací řád Řídicího výboru a jmenovat jeho předsedu.

V. Povinnosti partnera

- Partner odpovídá za plnění činností a úkolů, které mu byly svěřeny touto dohodou a jejími přílohami.
- 2. Partner je povinen zejména:
 - a) neprodleně informovat žadatele o skutečnostech, které mohou mít vliv na plnění jeho povinností z této dohody;
 - poskytnout žadateli veškeré informace a podklady nezbytné pro celkovou koordinaci, řízení a realizaci projektu a pro přípravu veškerých zpráv pro poskytovatele dotace, a to ve lhůtách a formě stanovené žadatelem (zejména podklady pro monitorovací zprávy, pravidelné čtvrtletní zprávy o pokroku při realizaci projektu (dále jen "Q-report") atd.);
 - c) neprodleně informovat žadatele o jakémkoliv podezření na podvod, korupci nebo jiné nezákonné činnosti v souvislosti s projektem;
 - uchovávat všechny doklady týkající se projektu, včetně vzniklých výdajů projektu, buď ve formě originálů nebo ve verzích, u nichž bylo ověřeno, že jsou v souladu s originály na obecně uznávaných datových nosičích, a to po dobu nejméně pěti let po proplacení prostředků ze závěrečné žádosti o platbu žadatelem poslednímu z partnerů;
 - e) umožnit provedení průběžné a následné kontroly všech dokladů vztahujících se k činnostem, které realizují v rámci projektu, umožnit průběžné ověřování provádění činností, k nimž se zavázali dle této dohody a poskytnout součinnost všem osobám oprávněným k provádění kontroly, příp. jejich zmocněncům. Partner je povinen bezodkladně informovat žadatele o všech provedených kontrolách

v souvislosti s projektem a o všech případných navržených nápravných

opatřeních, která budou výsledkem těchto kontrol a o jejich splnění;

f) vést účetnictví v souladu s požadavky právních předpisů Polské republiky, a dále zajistit, aby účetní doklady byly správné, úplné, průkazné a srozumitelné a aby byly vedeny v písemné formě průběžně, chronologicky, což zaručuje jejich trvanlivost v souladu se zásadami LIFE. Žadatel je povinen na vlastní náklady přizpůsobit účetní evidenci Partnera požadavkům právních předpisů České republiky.;

g) vést oddělenou evidenci (např. analytickými účty nebo účetním střediskem)

o všech účetních případech vztahujících se k projektu;

h) jmenovat zástupce do Řídicího výboru a podílet se na přípravě podkladů pro tento výbor. Jmenovaný zástupce partnera má povinnost účastnit se jednání Řídicího výboru.

VI. Projektový rozpočet a způsobilost výdajů

- 1. Rozpočet partnera je uveden v příloze č. 2 této dohody.
- 2. Výdaje partnera musí být v souladu s pravidly způsobilosti výdajů uvedenými v metodice LIFE a smlouvě o dotaci.
- 3. Nepřímé náklady může partner nárokovat paušálně maximálně do výše 7 % svých celkových způsobilých nákladů v rámci projektu (pravidlo výpočtu výše nepřímých výdajů partnera, tzv. overheads, přesně definuje metodika LIFE). Plánovaná výše způsobilých nepřímých nákladů nárokovatelných jednotlivými partnery je uvedena v příloze č. 2 této dohody.

VII. Financování projektu

- 1. Finanční prostředky na realizaci projektu budou partnerovi poskytnuty formou zálohové platby, průběžných plateb a závěrečné platby.
- 2. Záloha bude partnerovi vyplacena formou jednorázové platby nejpozději do 30 dnů poté, co poskytovatel dotace převede dotaci na bankovní účet žadatele nebo po nabytí účinnosti dohody. Maximální výše prostředků poskytnutých zálohovou platbou činí 20 % z celkové výše dotace připadající na partnera, přičemž tato částka je definována v příloze č. 2 dohody.
- 3. Každé použití finančních prostředků poskytnutých formou zálohové platby bude zahrnuto v následující průběžné (příp. závěrečné) monitorovací zprávě a započteno v žádosti o průběžnou (příp. závěrečnou) platbu, dokud nebude vyčerpána celá částka poskytnuté zálohy. Pokud nebyla zálohová platba plně započtena v první průběžné žádosti o platbu, použije se stejná zásada i pro následující žádost o platbu. Další finanční prostředky (ve formě průběžné platby) budou partnerovi poskytnuty až poté, co nárokovaný způsobilý výdaj partnera vyčerpá částku poskytnuté zálohy.
- 4. Veškeré finanční prostředky poskytnuté zálohovou platbou, které nebudou použity k financování způsobilých výdajů do doby podání závěrečné monitorovací zprávy, budou vráceny na bankovní účet žadatele uvedený v čl. I této dohody.
- 5. Průběžné platby a závěrečná platba budou partnerovi poskytovány na základě Q-reportů, které bude partner předkládat žadateli. Způsobilé výdaje uvedené v těchto reportech budou zahrnuty do žádostí o platbu předložených žadatelem poskytovateli dotace v rámci monitorovacích zpráv projektu na konci každé fáze projektu (viz příloha č. 1). Poté, co poskytovatel dotace schválí žádost o platbu určenou žadateli,

- žadatel uhradí partnerovi schválené způsobilé výdaje ve lhůtě stanovené v odstavci 7 tohoto článku.
- 6. Maximální výše prostředků poskytnutých formou průběžných plateb činí **60 %** celkové výše dotace připadající na partnera, výše takto poskytnutých prostředků je pro partnera uvedena v příloze č. 2 této dohody.
- 7. Průběžné platby budou poskytnuty žadatelem do 30 dnů od připsání finančních prostředků od poskytovatele dotace na bankovní účet žadatele.
- Zbývajících 20% celkové výše dotace bude partnerovi poskytnuto závěrečnou platbou, která bude provedena po schválení žádosti o platbu v rámci závěrečné monitorovací zprávy předložené žadatelem poskytovateli dotace, a to ve lhůtě dle odst. 9 tohoto článku.
- 9. Závěrečná platba bude poskytnuta do 30 dnů od připsání finančních prostředků poskytovatele dotace na bankovní účet žadatele.
- 10. Kumulativní Soupis veškerých výdajů ke Q-reportům bude partner předkládat formou oficiálního formuláře LIFE zaslaného žadatelem po podepsání této dohody.
- 11. Q-reporty bude partner předkládat žadateli čtvrtletně.
- 12. Součástí žádostí o platbu v rámci monitorovacích zpráv projektu bude potvrzení projektového manažera, nebo jiných partnerem pověřených osob, že nárokované výdaje jsou v souladu se zásadami a pravidly stanovenými v této dohodě a dokumentech uvedených v čl. II odst. 3 této dohody.
- 13. Veškeré nezpůsobilé výdaje (tedy i výdaje nad rámec schváleného rozpočtu) vzniklé v rámci projektu si hradí partner ze svých vlastních zdrojů.
- 14. Platby partnerovi budou provedeny na bankovní účet uvedený v čl. I této dohody. Platby se považují za uskutečněné v den odepsání částky z účtu žadatele.
- 15. V případě, že v rámci projektu bude generován čistý zisk, bude proporcionálně ponížena výše dotace připadající na partnera.
- 16. Bude-li během realizace projektu či během auditu prováděného poskytovatelem dotace či jiným kontrolním orgánem zjištěno, že byly finanční prostředky či jejich část partnerovi vyplaceny neoprávněně, je partner povinen neoprávněně vyplacenou výši finančních prostředků vrátit žadateli.

VIII. Dokladování výdajů

- Způsobilé výdaje partnera nárokované v rámci Q-reportů budou podloženy kopiemi přijatých faktur, účetních dokladů, bankovních výpisů a dalších dokladů prokazujících úhradu způsobilých výdajů. Mzdové výdaje budou podloženy výplatními páskami, timesheety, pracovními smlouvami (včetně příloh popisujících obsah prováděné práce a pracovní dobu vyhrazenou výhradně pro projekt) a případně dalšími relevantními dokumenty.
- 2. Dokumenty sloužící jako podklad nárokovaných způsobilých výdajů budou partnerem nahrány v elektronické podobě do pro něj určené sdílené složky vytvořené žadatelem.
- 3. Partner poskytne žadateli takové doklady k výdajům, aby mohl žadatel splnit veškeré své povinnosti vůči poskytovateli dotace.
- 4. Způsobilé výdaje vzniklé v rámci projektu musí být identifikovatelné, ověřitelné a řádně vedeny v účetnictví partnera.

5. Všechny faktury a ostatní doklady prokazující platbu způsobilých výdajů musí být označeny textem "LIFE20 IPC/CZ/000004 – LIFE-IP COALA".

IX. Důvěrnost informací, ochrana osobních údajů

- 1. Smluvní strany jsou oprávněny zpracovávat osobní údaje pouze za účelem plnění práv a povinnosti vyplývajících z této dohody, v rozsahu nezbytně nutném pro její plnění; k jiným účelům nebudou tyto osobní údaje žadatelem použity. Smluvní strany při zpracovávání osobních údajů dodržují platné právní předpisy. Podrobné informace o ochraně osobních údajů jsou dostupné na oficiálních webových stránkách Moravskoslezského kraje www.msk.cz.
- 2. Partner není oprávněn uvolnit, sdělit ani zpřístupnit jakékoliv třetí osobě informace, které žadatel označí jako citlivé či důvěrné, bez jeho předchozího písemného souhlasu, a to v jakékoliv formě, a je povinen podniknout veškeré kroky nezbytné k zabezpečení daných informací. Povinnost zachovávat mlčenlivost a zajistit ochranu citlivých (důvěrných) informací zůstává v platnosti neomezeně dlouho i po ukončení platnosti této dohody.
- 3. Partner zajistí, aby jeho pracovníci byli v souladu s platnými a účinnými právními předpisy poučeni o povinnosti mlčenlivosti a o možných následcích pro případ porušení této povinnosti.
- 4. Při zpracování osobních údajů dodržují smluvní strany dohody zásady stanovené v nařízení Evropského parlamentu a Rady (EU) 2016/679 ze dne 27. dubna 2016 o ochraně fyzických osob v souvislosti se zpracováním osobních údajů a o volném pohybu těchto údajů a o zrušení směrnice 95/46/ES (obecné nařízení o ochraně osobních údajů), Úř. věst. EU L 119, 4.5.2016, s. 1, Úřední věstník EU L 127 ze dne 23. května 2018, s. 2 a Úřední věstník EU L 74 ze dne 4.3.2021, s. 35 (dále jen GDPR).
- 5. V případě změny rozsahu úkolů, které mají smluvní strany v rámci projektu plnit, smluvní strany po vzájemné dohodě vymezí příslušný rozsah své odpovědnosti za plnění povinností podle GDPR souvisejících s realizací projektu. Tato ujednání se přijmou před zahájením jakýchkoli operací s osobními údaji.
- 6. Osobní údaje zástupců smluvních stran této dohody a oficiální kontaktní údaje osob určených smluvními stranami k plnění této dohody si smluvní strany vzájemně zpřístupní a stanou se samostatnými správci těchto osobních údajů ve smyslu právních předpisů o ochraně osobních údajů a budou je v souladu s nimi zpracovávat pro své vlastní účely v souvislosti s plněním této dohody.
- 7. Žadatel prohlašuje, že osobám uvedeným v bodě 6 dává možnost seznámit se a mít přístup k informacím o zpracování jejich osobních údajů partnerem pro účely plnění této dohody.

X. Práva duševního vlastnictví

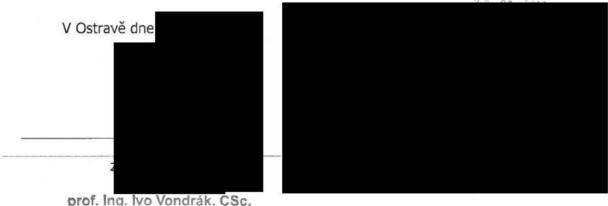
- 1. Partner je povinen poskytnout žadateli neomezenou bezplatnou licenci k užití autorských děl, které jsou chráněny právem duševního vlastnictví (dále jen "autorská díla"), dle zákona č. 121/2000 Sb., o právu autorském, ve znění pozdějších předpisů, včetně možnosti zcela nebo zčásti poskytnout třetí osobě oprávnění tvořící součást licence, jestliže byly při vzniku autorských děl použity prostředky poskytnuté na realizaci projektu, a to bez zbytečného odkladu po vzniku autorských děl.
- 2. Pokud jsou práva k autorským dílům držena jinou osobou než partnerem, je partner povinen smluvně s touto jinou osobou zajistit pro žadatele neomezenou bezplatnou

- licenci k užití těchto práv, včetně možnosti zcela nebo zčásti poskytnout třetí osobě licence (resp. částečnou licenci).
- 3. Partner je dále povinen bezplatně předat všechny nově vytvořené produkty nebo jejich kopie (vždy ve dvojím vyhotovení, podle povahy produktu buď v písemné podobě nebo na elektronickém nosiči) do vlastnictví žadatele, a to nejpozději před odesláním nebo spolu se závěrečnou monitorovací zprávou.

XI. Závěrečná ustanovení

- 1. Tato dohoda a vztahy smluvních stran blíže neupravené se řídí obecně závaznými právními předpisy České republiky.
- 2. Tato dohoda byla sepsána v české a polské jazykové verzi. V případě sporů mezi oběma jazykovými verzemi je rozhodující česká verze.
- 3. Tato dohoda nabývá platnosti dnem jejího podpisu oběma smluvními stranami a účinnosti uveřejněním v registru smluv dle zákona č. 340/2015 Sb., o zvláštních podmínkách účinnosti některých smluv, uveřejňování těchto smluv a o registru smluv (zákon o registru smluv), ve znění pozdějších předpisů. Smluvní strany se dále dohodly, že uveřejnění v registru smluv provede žadatel.
- 4. Případné změny a doplňky této dohody lze provádět pouze na základě dohody smluvních stran formou písemných dodatků podepsaných oprávněnými zástupci smluvních stran.
- 5. Veškerá oznámení a jiná sdělení mezi smluvními stranami se zasílají písemně na adresy uvedené v čl. I této dohody, v případě e-mailové komunikace na kontakty projektových manažerů stran.
- 6. V případě, kdy poskytovatel dotace rozhodne o pozastavení platby a/nebo požádá žadatele o vrácení platby, je partner povinen přijmout příslušná nezbytná opatření, aby byly požadované finanční prostředky vráceny a nevznikla žadateli případná škoda.
- 7. Případné spory stran vyplývající z této dohody budou přednostně řešeny smírnou cestou. Pokud nebude jakýkoliv spor mezi smluvními stranami vyřešen smírně, bude řešen před obecnými soudy České republiky.
- 8. Poruší-li některá ze stran povinnost vyplývající z této dohody nebo obecných ustanovení právních předpisů, odpovídá za škodu, která v souvislosti s tím ostatním stranám vznikla.
- Tato dohoda se uzavírá na dobu určitou, a to do doby dosažení účelu dle čl. I této dohody, nejméně však do pěti let po proplacení prostředků ze závěrečné žádosti o platbu žadatelem poslednímu z partnerů, nestanoví-li tato dohoda jinak.
- 10. Žadatel je oprávněn tuto dohodu vypovědět za podmínek blíže specifikovaných ve smlouvě o dotaci v případě, že partner přes předchozí písemné upozornění neplní své povinnosti vyplývající z této dohody. Partner je oprávněn tuto dohodu vypovědět v případě, že žadatel přes předchozí písemné upozornění neplní své povinnosti vyplývající z této dohody. Výpověď nabývá účinnosti dnem následujícím po dni, kdy bylo písemné vyhotovení výpovědi prokazatelně doručeno druhé straně. Ukončením dohody dle tohoto odstavce nesmí být ohroženo plnění účelu této dohody a nesmí tím vzniknout újma třetím osobám.
- 11. Žadatel je oprávněn tuto dohodu vypovědět také v případě, že bude z jakéhokoli důvodu ukončena smlouva o dotaci.

- 12. Tato dohoda je sepsána ve dvou stejnopisech v českém a ve dvou v polském jazyce s platností originálu, přičemž každá smluvní strana obdrží jedno vyhotovení každé jazykové verze.
- 13. Nedílnou součástí této dohody jsou následující přílohy:
 - Příloha č. 1 Aktivity, harmonogram, zodpovědnost
 - Příloha č. 2 Rozpočet v Eurech, včetně limitů pro jednotlivé platby
 - Příloha č. 3 Grant Agreement
- 14. Doložka platnosti právního jednání dle § 23 zákona č. 129/2000 Sb., o krajích (krajské zřízení), ve znění pozdějších předpisů: O uzavření této dohody rozhodlo zastupitelstvo kraje svým usnesením č. 6/519 ze dne 16. 12. 2021.



prof. Ing. Ivo Vondrák, CSc. hejtman kraje

Po dobu nepřítomnosti zastoupen Ing. Jakubern Unuckou, MBA 1. náměstkem hejtmana kraje





Příloha č. 1 – Aktivity, harmonogram, zodpovědnost

	MSBUSTISSIAN CKAPHAVIODI DE MAMARENDINAS CON	Year 2021 2022 2023	2024 2026 N - N - N - R - R - N	2026 1	2028	2029	2030 203-	2031
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Aktuakzace Adaptačni strategie MSK na dopady		C.12						
Podpora adaptachich stratege mest v MSK		C.1.3						
Celene adistro y Karymo Podoora rozvoje zelené infrastruktury ve městech		C14			The second named in column 2 is not the owner, where the column 2 is not the column 2			
Koncepce hospodařaní s deštovau vodou v Karvině a		C18			THE REAL PROPERTY AND PERSONS NAMED IN			
Koncepce pêče o zeleň v majelku MSK		C1.7						
Cost-benefit analyza a ekosyst služby adaptachich	5	61.8			THE REAL PROPERTY.			
SECAP pro pagini mesto Karyma		C21			S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	200		
Uzernel studie MSK		622			The second named in column 2 is not a local named in column 2 in c			
Koncepce oede o MZCMU v MSK v podminkách		C12						
Low Carbon and Canate resident development plan		C33			STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN			
Studie dopadů klimatických změn na podníkání	2	C.3.4.						i
Regionální informační systém pro adaptace (RISA)	3	*2						
Poradenake centrum pro krajmu a aidia		C.51.						
Poradenska centrum pro budovy		C 5.2						
Poradenske centrum pro dolece		C\$3			The second liverage and the se			
Revise ekonomických nastrom USK a moběrace odrosi		• 600						
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Po stopách původní Karvně a Karvnaké moře		C72.						1
Demonstrachi revisalzace dünich nádrží Sušánecké		C73						
Vzorová rekultivace lokalty ověvněné těžbou	2	674			THE RESIDENCE AND PERSONS NAMED IN	Management Safetistism		-
Vzerová vední nádrž v Orbové		C.7.5						
Christo Smert Orlock		5.76						
Vyute posterove kollov v oblasti Kozinec v Doubrava		100						
Vzorová adaptace budov MSK		C79			THE REAL PROPERTY AND PERSONS NAMED IN	Name and Address of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner,		
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Pan po akonceni projektu		1.2		200				

Příloha č. 2 – Rozpočet v Eurech, včetně limitů pro jednotlivé platby

kategorie výdajů, včetně nepřímých výdajů (overheads), limity pro jednotlivé platby

	partner
Personnel	442 090,00 EUR
Travel and subsistence	6 300,00 EUR
External assistance	18 000,00 EUR
Durable goods – Infrastructure	0,00 EUR
Durable goods – Equipment	0,00 EUR
Durable goods - Prototype	0,00 EUR
Land purchase / long-term lease	0,00 EUR
Consumables	0,00 EUR
Other Costs	0,00 EUR
Overheads	32 647,00 EUR
CELKEM	499 037,00 EUR
Zálohová platba (20 %)	59 884,40 EUR
Průběžné platby (60 %)	179 653,20 EUR
Závěrečná platba (20 %)	59 884,40 EUR
CELKEM	299 422,00 EUR



The t

Příloha č. 3 – Grant Agreement

Umowa partnerska z wkładem finansowym

zawarta zgodnie z § 1746 ust. 2 ustawy nr 89/2012 Dz. U., Kodeks Cywilny (prawodawstwa Republiki Czeskiej), w obowiązującym brzmieniu

I. Strony umowy

1. Kraj Morawsko-Śląski

z siedziba:

ul. 28. října 117, 702 18 Ostrawa

IČO:

70890692

DIČ:

CZ70890692

rachunek bankowy:

UniCredit Bank Czech Republic and Slovakia, a.s.

numer rachunku (EUR): 2105986274/2700 numer rachunku (CZK): 2106253574/2700

reprezentowane przez: prof. Ing. Ivo Vondrákem, CSc., hejtmanem kraje

(zwane dalej "wnioskodawca")

Kierownik Projektu/osoba kontaktowa upoważniona do działania w sprawach realizacji umowy:

oraz

2. Główny Instytut Górnictwa

z siedziba:

Plac Gwarków 1, 40 - 166 Katowice

Regon:

000023461 PL6340126016

NIP: KRS:

0000090660

rachunek bankowy:

ING Bank Śląski S.A.

numer rachunku (EUR): PL18 1050 1214 1000 0090 3269 9051

reprezentowany przez: prof. dr hab. inż. Stanisław Prusek

(zwany dalej "partnerem")

Kierownik Projektu/ osoba kontaktowa upoważniona do działania w sprawach realizacji umowy

II.

Postanowienia wstepne

1. Niniejsza umowa partnerska z wkładem finansowym (zwana dalej "Umową") określa prawa i obowiązki Stron oraz ustala zasady i warunki ich współpracy przy realizacji Projektu Zintegrowanego "IP LIFE for Coal Mining Landscape Adaptation" w ramach Podprogramu Środowisko i Klimat oraz Zaproszenia 2020 (zwanego dalej "Projektem") na zasadach i warunkach określonych w umowie o dotacje (ang. Grant Agreement) oraz wszystkich jej załącznikach, w szczególności w Warunkach ogólnych (ang. General Conditions), która została podpisana w dniu 16. 12. 2021, stanowi załącznik nr 3 i jest integralną częścią niniejszej umowy (zwana dalej "Umową o dotację"). W przypadku jakiegokolwiek sporu pomiędzy umową o dotację a niniejszą

> LIFE COALA LIFE20 IPC/CZ/000004

- umową pierwszeństwo ma umowa o dotację. Projekt jest realizowany w ramach podprogramu "LIFE Projekty Zintegrowane 2020" Działania na rzecz środowiska i klimatu (ang. Integrated Projects Environment and Climate Action, zwanych dalej "LIFE").
- 2. Celem globalnym projektu jest skuteczna realizacja założeń Strategii adaptacji wnioskodawcy do skutków zmian klimatu (przyjętej w styczniu 2020 r.), a tym samym zwiększenie odporności klimatycznej kraju morawsko-śląskiego, poprawa jakości życia jego mieszkańców oraz promowanie jego zrównoważonego rozwoju. Głównym celem jest stworzenie systemu adaptacji i, w związku z tym, łagodzenia skutków zmian klimatu w kraju, który stanie się częścią rutynowych programów na poziomie władz lokalnych i wnioskodawcy. Pozostałe cele to poprawa wykorzystania i koordynacji niezbędnych narzędzi, zaangażowanie znaczących interesariuszy, nawiązanie ścisłego partnerstwa z podobnymi regionami w UE, co przyczyni się m.in. do udanej transformacji kraju morawsko-śląskiego i długoterminowej poprawy jego wizerunku.

Lista wszystkich działań w ramach projektu oraz ich rozłożenie w czasie stanowi załącznik nr 1 do niniejszej umowy. W przypadku zatwierdzenia zmiany w projekcie skutkującej zmianą w tabeli w załączniku 1, nie jest konieczne zawieranie aneksu. Aktualna wersja tabeli będzie zawsze dostępna dla wszystkich partnerów. Za udostępnienie tabeli jest odpowiedzialny Wnioskodawca.

- 3. Strony umowy zobowiązane są do realizacji projektu zgodnie Metodologia LIFE, szczególności warunkami umowy W Z o dofinansowanie oraz instrukcjami CINEA (Instytucji Zarządzającej, zwanej dalej "udzielającym dotacji"), lub innych stron wskazanych przez udzielającego dotacji . Strony oświadczają, że mają dostęp do powyższej dokumentacji i są z nią zaznajomione.
- 4. Strony umowy oświadczają, że informacje podane w art. I niniejszej umowy są zgodne ze stanem faktycznym w chwili jej zawarcia. Strony umowy zobowiązują się do niezwłocznego powiadamiania drugiej Strony umowy na piśmie o zmianach danych, których to dotyczy. W przypadku zmiany rachunku po stronie Partnera, Partner zobowiązany jest również do przedstawienia dowodu własności nowego rachunku w postaci stosownej kopii umowy lub zaświadczenia z instytucji finansowej. W przypadku zmiany danych identyfikacyjnych Stron umowy (w tym osób upoważnionych do działania w związku z umową), w tym zmiany rachunku, nie jest konieczne zawieranie aneksu do niniejszej umowy.

III. Prawa i obowiązki stron umowy

- 1. Strony umowy podejmą wszelkie właściwe i niezbędne środki w celu zapewnienia wypełnienia zobowiązań i osiągnięcia celów niniejszej umowy.
- Każda ze stron umowy wyznacza kierownika projektu, który jest odpowiedzialny za realizację projektu i służy jako osoba kontaktowa do wszelkich kontaktów między stronami umowy.
- 3. Partnerowi nie przysługuje prawo przeniesienia swoich praw i obowiązków wynikających z niniejszej umowy na inny podmiot bez uprzedniej zgody Wnioskodawcy. Partner przyjmuje do wiadomości, że wszelkie przeniesienie praw i obowiązków wynikających z niniejszej umowy wymaga uprzedniej zgody udzielającego dotacji zgodnie z postanowieniami umowy o dofinansowanie.
- 4. Strony umowy zobowiązane są do przestrzegania obowiązujących przepisów prawa przy udzielaniu zamówień publicznych w ramach Projektu.

- 5. Partner podejmie wszelkie niezbędne środki w celu uniknięcia konfliktu interesów przy wykonywaniu umowy, w szczególności wynikającego z interesu gospodarczego. sympatii politycznych lub narodowych, więzów rodzinnych lub uczucjowych albo innych istotnych powiązań lub wspólnych interesów. O każdym konflikcie interesów, który może powstać w trakcie wykonywania umowy, należy bezzwłocznie powiadomić wnioskodawce na piśmie. W przypadku wystąpienia takiego konfliktu partner podejmie niezwłocznie wszelkie niezbędne środki w celu jego rozwiązania. Wnioskodawca ma prawo sprawdzić, czy środki te są właściwe i może zażądać, w razie potrzeby, podjęcia dodatkowych środków w określonym terminie.
- 6. Strony umowy sa zobowiązane we współpracy z innymi partnerami projektu do ustanowienia Komitetu Sterującego. Działalność Komitetu Sterującego bedzie polegać w szczególności na omawianiu i zatwierdzaniu dokumentów oraz propozycji zmian i raportów monitorujących, planu pracy Stałej Konferencji Sojuszu Klimatycznego, monitorowaniu harmonogramu i budżetu projektu, rozwiązywaniu wszelkich sporów, utrzymania rezultatów projektu - After LIFE.

IV. Obowiązki wnioskodawcy

- 1. Wnioskodawca jest odpowiedzialny za ogólną koordynację, zarządzanie i realizację projektu zgodnie z metodologia LIFE i na warunkach określonych w umowie o dotację. Wnioskodawca bierze na siebie wyłączną odpowiedzialność za realizacje projektu wobec udzielającego dotacji.
- 2. Wnioskodawca zobowiązuje się do przekazania partnerowi środków na warunkach określonych w niniejszej umowie oraz zgodnie z budżetem w tym z limitami poszczególnych płatności, stanowiącym załącznik nr 2 do niniejszej umowy
- 3. Wnioskodawca w szczególności powinien:

a) zapewnić prawidłową i terminową realizację działań w ramach projektu:

b) bezzwłocznie informować Partnera o wszelkich okolicznościach, które moga mieć negatywny wpływ na prawidłową i terminową realizację któregokolwiek z działań w ramach projektu oraz o wszelkich zdarzeniach, które moga prowadzić do zakończenia projektu lub jego modyfikacji;

c) umożliwić partnerowi dostęp do wszystkich dostępnych dokumentów, danych i informacji znajdujących się w jego posiadaniu, które mogą być niezbędne lub

przydatne do wykonywania jego obowiązków w ramach projektu;

d) konsultować się z Partnerem przed złożeniem jakiegokolwiek wniosku o zmiane umowy o dofinansowanie w zakresie, w jakim może on wpłynąć na prawa i obowiązki Partnera wynikające z niniejszej umowy;

przygotować w odpowiednim czasie i przedstawić udzielającemu dotacji okresowe raporty z realizacji projektu (zwanych dalei "raportami monitorującymi") oraz inne dokumenty wymagane we wniosku o płatność;

przekazywać wszystkie płatności należne Partnerowi w określonych terminach na jego rachunek bankowy określony w art. I niniejszej umowy;

g) w razie potrzeby zapewnić Partnerowi pomoc niezbędną do wykonywania jego

zadań w ramach niniejszej umowy;

zapewnić i zarządzać komunikacją projektu, w tym promocją projektu, zgodnie z wymogami LIFE i strategią komunikacji projektu, która będzie wynikiem jednego z działań projektu (A.1.4. Przygotowanie strategii komunikacji);

określić dokładnie Statut i Regulamin Komitetu Sterującego oraz mianować jego

przewodniczącego.

V. Obowiązki partnera

- 1. Partner jest odpowiedzialny za realizację działań i zadań powierzonych mu na mocy niniejszej umowy i jej załączników.
- 2. Partner w szczególności powinien:
 - a) bezzwłocznie informować wnioskodawcę o wszelkich faktach, które mogą mieć wpływ na wypełnienie przez niego zobowiązań wynikających z niniejszej umowy;
 - dostarczać wnioskodawcy wszelkich informacji i dokumentów niezbędnych do ogólnej koordynacji, zarządzania i realizacji projektu oraz do przygotowania wszelkich sprawozdań dla udzielającego dotacji, w terminach i w formie określonej przez wnioskodawcę (w szczególności dokumenty dotyczące sprawozdań z monitoringu, regularnych sprawozdań kwartalnych z postępów w realizacji projektu, zwanych dalej "raport Q" itp.);

 bezzwłocznie informować wnioskodawcę o wszelkich podejrzeniach dotyczących nadużyć finansowych, korupcji lub innych niezgodnych z prawem działań związanych z projektem;

 d) przechowywać wszystkie dokumenty dotyczące projektu, w tym poniesione wydatki w ramach projektu, w formie oryginalnej lub w wersjach zweryfikowanych pod kątem zgodności z oryginałem na ogólnie przyjętych nośnikach danych, przez okres co najmniej pięciu lat od momentu wypłacenia przez wnioskodawcę środków na podstawie wniosku o płatność końcową na rzecz ostatniego partnera;

e) umożliwić bieżącą kontrolę oraz późniejsze kontrole wszystkich dokumentów dotyczących działań prowadzonych w ramach projektu, umożliwić bieżącą weryfikację realizacji działań podjętych, do których zobowiązno się w ramach niniejszej umowy oraz zapewnić współpracę z każdą osobą upoważnioną do przeprowadzania kontroli lub z jej pełnomocnikami. Partner bezzwłocznie informuje wnioskodawcę o wszelkich kontrolach przeprowadzonych w związku z projektem oraz o wszelkich działaniach naprawczych zaproponowanych w wyniku takich kontroli oraz o ich wdrożeniu;

f) prowadzić ewidencję księgową zgodnie z wymogami ustawodawstwa Rzeczypospolitej Polskiej, a nadto zapewnić aby dokumenty księgowe były prawidłowe, kompletne, rozstrzygające i zrozumiałe oraz aby były przechowywane w sposób ciągły, w formie pisemnej, w sposób chronologiczny, gwarantujący ich trwałość zgodnie z zasadami LIFE.

Wnioskodawca dostosuje we własnym zakresie dokumentację księgową Partnera do wymogów ustawodawstwa Republiki Czeskiej;

g) prowadzić odrębną ewidencję księgowość (np. w podziale na konta analityczne lub centrum księgowe) dla wszystkich spraw księgowych związanych z projektem;

 h) wyznaczać przedstawicieli do Komitetu Sterującego oraz uczestniczyć w przygotowywaniu dokumentów dla Komitetu Sterującego. Wyznaczony przedstawiciel partnera jest zobowiązany do uczestniczenia w spotkaniach Komitetu Sterującego.

VI. Budżet projektu i kwalifikowalność wydatków

- 1. Budżet partnera został określony w załączniku 2 do niniejszej umowy.
- 2. Wydatki partnera muszą być ponoszone zgodnie z zasadami kwalifikowalności określonymi w metodologii LIFE oraz w umowie o dotacji.

3. Koszty pośrednie mogą być wnioskowane przez partnera w formie ryczałtu do wysokości maksymalnie 7% jego całkowitych kosztów kwalifikowalnych w ramach projektu (zasada obliczania wysokości kosztów pośrednich partnera, tzw. overheads, jest dokładnie określona w Metodologii LIFE). Planowana wyżej wysokość kwalifikowalnych kosztów pośrednich, o które może wnioskować każdy z partnerów, została określona w załączniku nr 2 do niniejszej umowy.

VII. Finansowanie projektu

- 1. Środki finansowe na realizację projektu będą przekazywane partnerowi w formie zaliczki, płatności okresowych oraz płatności końcowej.
- Zaliczka zostanie przekazana partnerowi w formie jednorazowej płatności najpóźniej do 30 dni od przekazania dotacji przez udzielającego dotacji na rachunek bankowy wnioskodawcy lub od wejścia w życie umowy . Maksymalna kwota zaliczek wynosi 20 % całkowitej kwoty dotacji dla partnera, przy czym kwota ta została określona w załączniku 2 do umowy.
- 3. Każde wykorzystanie środków przekazanych w formie zaliczki będzie uwzględnione w kolejnym okresowym (lub końcowym) raporcie monitoringowym i wliczone do wniosku o płatność okresową (lub końcową) do czasu wykorzystania pełnej kwoty przyznanej zaliczki. Jeżeli zaliczka nie została w pełni rozliczona w pierwszym wniosku o płatność okresową, tę samą zasadę stosuje się do kolejnych wniosków o płatność. Dalsze środki (w formie płatności okresowej) zostaną przyznane partnerowi dopiero wtedy, gdy wnioskowane przez niego wydatki kwalifikowalne wyczerpią kwotę przyznanej zaliczki.
- 4. Wszelkie środki przekazane w formie zaliczki, które nie zostały wykorzystane na finansowanie wydatków kwalifikowalnych do czasu złożenia końcowego sprawozdania monitorującego, zostaną zwrócone na rachunek bankowy wnioskodawcy określony w art. I niniejszej umowy.
- 5. Płatności okresowe i płatność końcowa będą dokonywane na rzecz partnera na podstawie raportów Q, które partner ma przedłożyć wnioskodawcy. Wydatki kwalifikowalne wskazane w tych sprawozdaniach zostaną uwzględnione we wnioskach o płatność składanych przez wnioskodawcę do udzielającego dotacji w ramach sprawozdań z monitorowania projektu na końcu każdej fazy projektu (patrz zał. nr 1)/
). Po tym jak wniosek o płatność skierowany przez wnioskodawcę zostanie rozliczony przez udzielającego dotacji, wnioskodawca zwraca partnerowi zatwierdzone wydatki kwalifikowalne w terminie określonym w ust. 7 niniejszego artykułu.
- 6. Maksymalna wysokość środków przekazywanych w formie płatności okresowych wynosi 60 % całkowitej kwoty dotacji dla partnera, wysokość środków przekazywanych w ten sposób partnerowi określona jest w załączniku nr 2 do niniejszej umowy.
- 7. Płatności okresowe dokonywane są przez wnioskodawcę na rzecz partnera w ciągu 30 dni od daty zaksięgowania środków na rachunku bankowym wnioskodawcy.
- Pozostałe 20 % całkowitej kwoty dofinansowania zostanie przekazane partnerowi w formie płatności końcowej, która zostanie dokonana po zatwierdzeniu wniosku o płatność w ramach końcowego sprawozdania monitorującego złożonego przez wnioskodawcę do udzielającego dotacji, w terminie określonym w ust. 9 niniejszego artykułu.
- 9. Płatność końcowa dokonywana jest w ciągu 30 dni od daty zaksięgowania środków finansowych udzielającego dotacji na rachunku bankowym wnioskodawcy.

- 10. Skumulowane zestawienie wszystkich wydatków do raportów Q będzie składane przez partnera w formie oficjalnego formularza LIFE przesłanego przez wnioskodawcę po podpisaniu niniejszej umowy.
- 11. Raporty kwartalne będą przedkładane wnioskodawcy przez partnera co kwartał.
- 12. Wnioski o płatność w ramach raportów z monitoringu projektu będą zawierały poświadczenie Kierownika Projektu lub innych uprawnionych przez partnera osób, że wnioskowane wydatki są zgodne z zasadami i regułami określonymi w niniejszej umowie oraz dokumentami, o których mowa w artykule II ust. 3 niniejszej umowy.
- 13. Wszelkie wydatki niekwalifikowalne (tj. wydatki przekraczające zatwierdzony budżet) poniesione w ramach projektu pokrywa partner ze środków własnych.
- 14. Płatności na rzecz partnera dokonywane są na rachunek bankowy wskazany w art. I niniejszej umowy. Płatności uważa się za dokonane w dniu obciążenia rachunku wnioskodawcy.
- 15. W przypadku, gdy projekt wygeneruje zysk netto kwota dotacji przypadająca na partnera zostanie proporcjonalnie zmniejszona.
- 16. W przypadku, gdy w trakcie realizacji projektu lub w trakcie kontroli przeprowadzonej przez udzielającego dotacji lub inny organ kontrolny zostanie stwierdzone, że środki lub ich część zostały wypłacone partnerowi w sposób nieuzasadniony, partner jest zobowiązany do zwrotu kwoty środków nienależnie wypłaconych wnioskodawcy.

VIII. Dokumentowanie wydatków

- 1. Wydatki kwalifikowalne zgłoszone przez partnera w ramach raportów kwartalnych będą udokumentowane kopiami otrzymanych faktur, dokumentów księgowych, wyciągów bankowych i innych dokumentów potwierdzających poniesienie wydatków kwalifikowalnych. Wydatki na wynagrodzenia będą udokumentowane listami płac, ewidencją czasu pracy, umowami o pracę (w tym aneksami opisującymi treść wykonywanej pracy i godzinami pracy poświęconymi wyłącznie projektowi) oraz innymi odpowiednimi dokumentami.
- Dokumenty stanowiące podstawę wnioskowanych wydatków kwalifikowalnych będą przesyłane przez partnera w formie elektronicznej do wspólnego folderu utworzonego przez wnioskodawcę.
- 3. Partner dostarczy wnioskodawcy takie dokumenty potwierdzające wydatki, które umożliwią wnioskodawcy wywiązanie się ze wszystkich zobowiązań wobec udzielającego dotacji.
- Wydatki kwalifikowalne poniesione w ramach projektu muszą być możliwe do zidentyfikowania, sprawdzenia i odpowiednio zarejestrowane w księgach rachunkowych partnera.
- Wszystkie faktury i inne dokumenty potwierdzające poniesienie wydatków kwalifikowalnych muszą być oznaczone tekstem "LIFE20 IPC/CZ/000004 – LIFE-IP COALA".

IX. Poufność informacji, ochrona danych osobowych

 Strony są upoważnione do przetwarzania danych osobowych wyłącznie w celu wypełnienia praw i obowiązków wynikających z niniejszej umowy, w zakresie niezbędnym do jej wykonania, takie dane osobowe nie będą wykorzystywane przez

- wnioskodawcę w żadnym innym celu. Przy przetwarzaniu danych osobowych Strony będą przestrzegać obowiązującego prawa. Szczegółowe informacje na temat ochrony danych osobowych są dostępne na oficjalnej stronie internetowej kraju morawsko-śląskiego: www.msk.cz
- 2. Partner nie jest uprawniony do ujawniania, przekazywania lub udostępniania osobom trzecim jakichkolwiek informacji, które wnioskodawca określi jako wrażliwe lub poufne, bez uprzedniej pisemnej zgody wnioskodawcy, w jakiejkolwiek formie i jest zobowiązany do podjęcia wszelkich niezbędnych kroków w celu zabezpieczenia tych informacji. Zobowiązanie do zachowania poufności i ochrony informacji wrażliwych (poufnych) trwa bezterminowo, również po zakończeniu obowiązywania zapisów niniejszej umowy.
- 3. Partner zapewni, aby jego pracownicy zostali poinformowani o obowiązku zachowania poufności oraz o możliwych konsekwencjach naruszenia tego obowiązku zgodnie z obowiązującymi i faktycznymi przepisami prawa.
- 4. Przy przetwarzaniu danych osobowych Strony umowy przestrzegają zasad wskazanych w Rozporządzeniu Parlamentu Europejskiego i Rady (UE) 2016/679 z dnia 27 kwietnia 2016 r. w sprawie ochrony osób fizycznych w związku z przetwarzaniem danych osobowych i w sprawie swobodnego przepływu takich danych oraz uchylenia dyrektywy 95/46/WE (ogólne rozporządzenie o ochronie danych), Dz. Urz. UE L 119 z 4 maja 2016 r., str. 1, Dz. Urz. EU L 127 z 23 maja 2018 r. str. 2 oraz Dz. Urz. UE L 74 z 04.03.2021, str. 35 (dalej RODO).
- 5. W przypadku zmiany zakresu zadań realizowanych przez Strony umowy w ramach projektu, w drodze wspólnych uzgodnień Strony umowy określą odpowiednie zakresy swojej odpowiedzialności dotyczącej wypełniania obowiązków wynikających z RODO, związanych z realizacją projektu. Przedmiotowe uzgodnienia zostaną poczynione przed rozpoczęciem wszelkich operacji wykonywanych na danych osobowych.
- 6. Dane osobowe przedstawicieli Stron niniejszej umowy oraz służbowe dane kontaktowe osób wyznaczonych przez Strony do realizacji umowy są wzajemnie udostępniane przez Strony, które stają się odrębnymi administratorami tych danych osobowych, w rozumieniu przepisów o ochronie danych osobowych i przetwarzają je zgodnie z nimi, we własnych celach związanych z realizacją niniejszej umowy.
- 7. Wnioskodawca oświadcza, że osobom wymienionym w ust. 6 umożliwia zapoznanie się i dostęp do informacji dotyczących przetwarzania ich danych osobowych przez Partnera na potrzeby realizacji niniejszej umowy.

X. Prawa własności intelektualnej

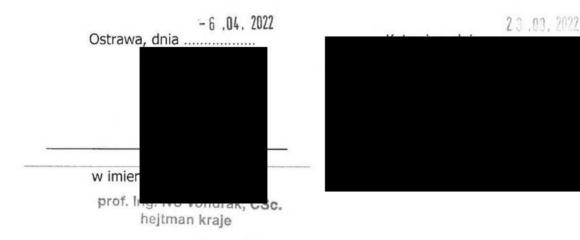
- 1. Partner jest zobowiązany do udzielenia wnioskodawcy nieograniczonej bezpłatnej licencji na korzystanie z utworów chronionych prawem autorskim (zwanych dalej "utworami chronionymi prawem autorskim"), zgodnie z ustawą nr 121/2000 DZ. U. o prawie autorskim, z późniejszymi zmianami, włącznie z możliwością udzielenia osobie trzeciej, w całości lub w części, upoważnienia stanowiącego część licencji, jeżeli środki przewidziane na realizację projektu zostały wykorzystane do stworzenia utworów chronionych prawem autorskim, bez zbędnej zwłoki po stworzeniu utworów chronionych prawem autorskim.
- Jeżeli prawa do utworów chronionych prawem autorskim przysługują innej osobie niż partner, partner jest zobowiązany do zapewnienia wnioskodawcy, w drodze porozumienia z tą inną osobą, nieograniczonej licencji na nieodpłatne korzystanie z tych praw, w tym możliwość udzielenia licencji (lub licencji częściowej) osobie trzeciej w całości lub w części.

 Partner jest również zobowiązany do nieodpłatnego przekazania wnioskodawcy wszystkich nowo powstałych produktów lub ich kopii (zawsze w dwóch egzemplarzach, w zależności od charakteru produktu, w formie pisemnej lub na nośnikach elektronicznych), najpóźniej przed wysyłką lub wraz z końcowym raportem z monitoringu.

XI. Postanowienia końcowe

- 1. Niniejsza umowa oraz stosunki pomiędzy stronami, które nie zostały szczegółowo określone, podlegają ogólnie obowiązującemu ustawodawstwu Republiki Czeskiej.
- Niniejsza umowa została sporządzona w czeskiej i polskiej wersji językowej. W przypadku rozbieżności pomiędzy obiema wersjami językowymi rozstrzygająca będzie wersja czeska.
- 3. Niniejsza umowa wchodzi w życie z dniem jej podpisania przez obie Strony i staje się skuteczna po opublikowaniu w rejestrze umów zgodnie z ustawą nr 340/2015 Dz. U., o szczególnych warunkach skuteczności niektórych umów, publikacji takich umów i o rejestrze umów (ustawa o rejestrze umów), z późniejszymi zmianami. Strony uzgadniają ponadto, że publikacji w Rejestrze Umów dokonuje wnioskodawca.
- 4. Ewentualne zmiany i uzupełnienia niniejszej umowy mogą być dokonywane wyłącznie za zgodą stron w formie pisemnych zmian podpisanych przez upoważnionych przedstawicieli stron umowy.
- 5. Wszelkie powiadomienia i inne komunikaty między stronami przesyłane są w formie pisemnej na adresy wskazane w art. I niniejszego umowy lub, w przypadku komunikacji za pośrednictwem poczty elektronicznej, na adresy kontaktowe kierowników projektów stron umowy.
- 6. W przypadku, gdy udzielający dotacji podejmie decyzję o zawieszeniu płatności i/lub zażąda od wnioskodawcy zwrotu środków, partner podejmie niezbędne działania w celu zapewnienia, że żądane środki zostaną zwrócone, a wnioskodawca nie poniesie żadnych szkód.
- Wszelkie spory pomiędzy stronami wynikające z niniejszej umowy będą w miarę możliwości rozstrzygane polubownie. Jeżeli jakikolwiek spór między Stronami nie zostanie rozwiązany polubownie, będzie on rozstrzygany przed sądami powszechnymi Republiki Czeskiej.
- 8. Jeżeli którakolwiek ze stron naruszy zobowiązanie wynikające z niniejszej umowy lub ogólnych przepisów prawa, odpowiada w związku z tym za szkody poniesione przez pozostałe strony.
- Niniejsza umowa zostaje zawarta na czas określony, do czasu osiągnięcia celu określonego w art. I niniejszej umowy, ale co najmniej pięć lat po zapłaceniu przez wnioskodawcę ostatniej płatności na rzecz ostatniego partnera, o ile niniejsza umowa nie stanowi inaczej.
- 10. Wnioskodawca ma prawo do rozwiązania niniejszej umowy na warunkach określonych w umowie o dofinansowanie, jeżeli partner, pomimo uprzedniego pisemnego powiadomienia, nie wywiązuje się ze swoich zobowiązań wynikających z niniejszej umowy . Partner jest uprawniony do wypowiedzenia niniejszej umowy w przypadku, gdy wnioskodawca nie wywiązuje się ze swoich zobowiązań wynikających z niniejszej umowy pomimo uprzedniego pisemnego wezwania. Wypowiedzenie staje się skuteczne w dniu następującym po dniu, w którym pisemne wypowiedzenie zostało w sposób oczywisty doręczone drugiej stronie. Rozwiązanie umowy zgodnie z

- niniejszym ustępem nie może zagrażać realizacji celu niniejszej umowy i nie może powodować szkody dla osób trzecich.
- 11. Wnioskodawca jest również uprawniony do rozwiązania niniejszej umowy, jeżeli umowa o dotację zostanie rozwiązana z jakiegokolwiek powodu.
- Każda ze stron umowy otrzymuje po jednym egzemplarzu czeskiej i polskiej wersji językowejniniejszej umowy.
- 13. Integralną część niniejszej umowy stanowią następujące załączniki:
 - Załącznik nr 1 Działania, harmonogram, odpowiedzialność
 - Załącznik nr 2 Budżet w euro, w tym limity dla poszczególnych płatności
 - Załącznik nr 3 Umowa o dotację (ang. Grant Agreement)
- 14. Klauzula ważności aktu prawnego zgodnie z § 23 ustawy nr 129/2000 Dz. U. RCz, o krajach (ustrój krajów), w brzmieniu późniejszych przepisów: O zawarciu niniejszej umowy zadecydował Sejmik Kraju uchwałą nr 6/519 z dnia 16. 12. 2021.



Po dobu nepřítomnosti zastoupen Ing. Jakubem Unuckou, MBA 1. náměstkem hejtmana kraje



Załącznik nr 1 - Działania, harmonogram, zobowiązania

		[] H [H] [V] [[I] [I]
Ozlakania pizygolowawcza Analiza State of tha art	A.1. Catalinia przygocowywcze:	
Metodyczne i profesionalne przygolowanie adaptacii KMS		
Nowe procedury rekultywacji terenu po wydobyciu wegla kamiennego	一番 一	
Przeszkolenie zespolu ekspertów i interesariuszy		
Przygotowanie strategił komunikacji Kontroma dwatonie unforzaniewa	A.A. Kontrerne drziana wordzeniowe:	
Regionalny Plan Adaptacli do zmian klimatu dla Wojewódzwa Ślaskiego	CATA	
Aktualizacja Strategil Adaptacyjnej KMS do skutków zmian klimatu	CA12.	
Wsparcie strategii adaptacji mlast w KMS		
Zielone osiedie w Karwinie		
Waparde rozwoju zletonej Infrastruktury w miejscowościach Ortowa, Karwina,		
Kencepcja zagospodarowania wód opadowych w Kanvinie i Hawierzowie		
Koncepcja pielėgnacji zieleni znajdującaj się w majatku KMS		
Analiza kosztów i korzyści oraz ekosystem, usług adaptacyjnych w KMS	COLOR DOS	
SECAP dia miasta pilotazowego Karwiny	CC2.10	
Smarl Buriding – system mitgacy die budynkow Nins		
Studium tarykonaine Kino	10. DOT COL. 10. DO 10.	
Koncepcja opieki nad MZCHU w KNS w warunkach znian kilmancznych		
Low Carbon and Climate resilient development plan	200	
Badanie wpływu zmian klimatu na działalność podmiotow rolnych		
Regionalny system informacji dol. adaptacji (RISA)	4.0	
Centrum doradztwa da. adaptacji urbanistyczno-krajobrazowej		
Centrum deradativa ds. adaptacji budynkow		
Centrum doradztwa ds. dolacji		
Centrum Doradztwa Technologii Adaptacyjnych (program Envi Expand)	(5.5.4.)	
Rawiga instrumentów ekonomicznych KMS i mobilizacja zasobów	CG-6	
Przekształcenie zrekultywowanego obszaru Kotliny w Doubravie w obszar		
Siadami plerwotnej Karwiny i Karwinskiego Morza		
Pokazowa rewitalizacja zbiomików gómiczych "Susanecké nyonky" w Hawierzowie		
Modelowa rekultywacja terenu objętego działanościa gornicza	0.774	
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Załącznik nr 2 – Budżet w euro, w tym limity dla poszczególnych płatności

kategorie kosztów , w tym koszty pośrednie (overheads), limity dla poszczególnych płatności

WYDATKI KWALIFIKOWANE	Partner
Personnel/ Bezpośrednie koszty osobowe	442 090,00 EUR
Travel and subsistence/ Koszty podróży i utrzymania	6 300,00 EUR
External assistance/ Koszty związane ze wsparciem zewnętrznym	18 000,00 EUR
Durable goods – Infrastructure/ Środki trwałe - Infrastruktura	0,00 EUR
Durable goods – Equipment/ Środki trwałe – Wyposażenie	0,00 EUR
Durable goods – Prototype/ Środki trwałe – Prototypy	0,00 EUR
Land purchase / long-term lease/ Zakup gruntów/ długoterminowa dzierżawa	0,00 EUR
Consumables/ Materiały zużywalne	0,00 EUR
Other Costs/ Inne koszty	0,00 EUR
Overheads/ Koszty pośrednie	32 647,00 EUR
OGÓŁEM	499 037,00 EUR
DOTACJE	
Zaliczka (20 % dotacji)	59 884,40 EUR
Płatności okresowe (60 % dotacji)	179 653,20 EUR
Płatność końcowa (20 % dotacji)	59 884,40 EUR
OGÓŁEM	299 422,00 EUR

Załącznik nr 3 – Grant Agreement/ Umowa o dotację

EUROPEAN CLIMATE, INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT EXECUTIVE AGENCY (CINEA)

CINEA D - Natural resources, climate, sustainable blue economy and clean energy D1 - LIFE Energy + LIFE Climate

GRANT AGREEMENT FOR INTEGRATED PROJECTS 1

AGREEMENT NUMBER — LIFE20 IPC/CZ/000004 - LIFE-IP COALA

This Agreement ('the Agreement') is concluded between the following parties:

on the one part,

The European Union ('the Union'), represented by the European Climate, Infrastructure and Environment Executive Agency, CINEA (hereinafter referred to as "the Agency") and acting under the powers delegated by the European Commission, represented for the purposes of signature of the Agreement by Mr. Christian Strasser, Head of Unit,

and

on the other part,

1. 'the coordinating beneficiary'

Moravskoslezský kraj – Moravia-Silesian Region (MSR)

Public Body

Official registration No: 70890692

28.října 117, 702 18 Ostrava, Czechia

VAT number: CZ70890692,

represented for the purposes of signature of the Agreement by the Governor, Ivo Vondrák and the following other associated beneficiaries:

- 2. Moravian-Silesian Investment and Development (MSID) established in Czechia
- 3. Moravian-Silesian Energy Centre (MEC) established in Czechia

¹ Within the framework of the Regulation (EC) No 1293/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on the establishment of a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 614/2007, OJ L 347 of 20/12/2013, p.185 (hereinafter "the LIFE Regulation") and the Commission Implementing Decision 2018/210 of 12 February 2018 on the adoption of the LIFE multiannual work programme for 2018-20, OJ L39 of 13/02/2018.



- 4. Moravian-Silesian Innovation Centre (MSIC) established in Czechia
- 5. Ministry of Environment of the Czech Republic (MoE) established in Czechia
- 6. Silesian Voivodeship (SV) established in Poland
- 7. DIAMO, state enterprise (DIAMO) established in Czechia
- 8. Statutory City of Karvina (Karvina) established in Czechia
- 9. Statutory City of Havirov (Havirov) established in Czechia
- 10. City of Orlova (Orlova) established in Czechia
- 11. Czech Environmental Partnership Foundation CEPF (PF) established in Czechia
- 12. Technical University of Ostrava (VSB) established in Czechia
- 13. Central Mining Institute (GIG) established in Poland

duly represented for the signature of the Agreement by the coordinating beneficiary by virtue of the mandate/s/ included in Annex II form/s/ A4

Unless otherwise specified, references to 'beneficiary' and 'beneficiaries' include the coordinating beneficiary.

The parties referred to above

HAVE AGREED

to the Special Conditions ('the Special Conditions') and the following Annexes:

- Annex I General Conditions ((hereinafter referred to as 'the General Conditions')
- Annex II Description of the project
- Annex III Estimated budget of the project: Forms R1, R2 and all F-Forms in Annex II
- Annex IV Mandate[s] provided to the coordinating beneficiary by the other beneficiary[ies] Form[s] A4 in Annex II
- Annex V Model technical report: The applicable model technical reports are to be found on the website: https://cinea.ec.europa.eu/life en (manage your project)
- Annex VI Model financial statement: The applicable model financial reports are to be found on the website: https://cinea.ec.europa.eu/life en (manage your project)
- Annex VII Model terms of reference for the certificate on the financial statements to be found on the website: https://cinea.ec.europa.eu/life_en(manage your project)

Annex VIII Model terms of reference for the certificate on the compliance of the cost accounting practices: **not applicable**

Annex IX Model terms of reference for the operational verification report: not applicable

Annex X Financial and Administrative guidelines to be found on the website: https://cinea.ec.europa.eu/life en(manage your project)

Annex XI Guidelines for applicants to be found on the website: https://cinea.ec.europa.eu/life_en

Annex XII Table of unit costs for voluntary work per country

which form an integral part of the Agreement.

The provisions in the Special Conditions of the Agreement take precedence over its Annexes.

The provisions in Annex I 'General Conditions' take precedence over the other Annexes.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

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ARTICLE I.1 — SUBJECT MATTER OF THE AGREEMENT

The Agency has decided to award a grant under the terms and conditions set out in the Special Conditions, the General Conditions and the other Annexes to the Agreement, for the *project* entitled **IP LIFE for Coal Mining Landscape Adaptation**, as described in Annex II.

By signing the Agreement, the beneficiaries accept the grant and agree to implement the *project*, acting on their own responsibility.

ARTICLE I.2 — ENTRY INTO FORCE AND IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD OF THE AGREEMENT

- I.2.1 The Agreement enters into force on the date on which the last party signs it.
- **I.2.2** The *project* runs from 01/12/2021 ('starting date') until 31/12/2031 ('end date')

ARTICLE I.3 — MAXIMUM AMOUNT AND FORM OF THE GRANT

- I.3.1 The maximum amount of the grant is EUR 9,499,946.
- **I.3.2** The grant takes the form of:
- (a) the reimbursement of 60% of the eligible costs of the *project* ('reimbursement of eligible costs'), which are estimated at EUR 15,833,242 and which are:
 - (i) actually incurred ('reimbursement of actual costs') for the following categories of costs for each of the beneficiaries and affiliated entities: personnel costs; travel and subsistence costs; costs for subcontracting (also referred to as "external assistance costs"); costs of durable goods: (depreciation) costs of infrastructure and equipment, prototype costs; costs for land purchase/long-term lease of land/one-off compensations for land use rights; costs of consumables; other costs (i.e. costs arising from the Agreement, duties, taxes and charges).
 - (ii) reimbursement of unit costs: declared on the basis of an amount as specified in Annex XII ('reimbursement of unit costs') for the volunteer costs under the personnel costs for each of the beneficiaries and affiliated entities: not applicable
 - (iii) reimbursement of lump sum costs: not applicable
 - (iv) declared on the basis of a flat rate: overheads as specified in Annex III as a fixed percentage of the eligible direct costs excluding costs of land purchase/long term lease of land/one-off compensations for land use rights ('reimbursement of flat-rate costs') for each of the beneficiaries and affiliated entities;
 - (v) reimbursement of costs declared on the basis of the beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices: not applicable
- (b) unit contribution: not applicable
- (c) lump sum contribution: not applicable
- (d) flat-rate contribution: not applicable

ARTICLE I.4 — REPORTING — REQUESTS FOR PAYMENT AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS – PAYMENTS AND PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

I.4.1 Reporting and reporting periods

- (a) The project reporting schedule is specified in Annex II
- (b) The delay between consecutive reports shall not exceed 18 months: not applicable.
- (c) All reports shall contain the necessary information for the Agency to evaluate the state of implementation of the project, the respect of the work plan, the financial status of the project and whether the project's objectives have been achieved or are still achievable.
- (d) The form and contents of the reports shall be in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Agency as specified on the website . https://cinea.ec.europa.eu/life_en (manage your project)
- (e) All reports shall be simultaneously submitted to the Agency and to the external monitoring team designated by the Agency.
 - The technical reports, including annexes, shall only be submitted, in electronic format, The financial reports shall be submitted, in both paper² and electronic format.
- (f) Electronic tools, which include spatial data and are produced in the frame of a LIFE project, shall comply with the Commission Regulation (EU) No 1253/2013 of 21 October 2013 amending Regulation (EU) No 1089/2010 implementing Directive 2007/2/EC establishing an Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Union (INSPIRE).

I.4.2 Requests for further pre-financing payment[s] and supporting documents

Not applicable

I.4.3 Requests for interim payments and supporting documents

The coordinating beneficiary must submit a request for an interim payment within 90 calendar days following the end of each phase.

This request must be accompanied by the following documents:

(a) an interim report ('interim technical report'), drawn up in accordance with Annex V, containing:

² Digital signature might be accepted if compliant with the eIDAS Regulation (Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC).





- (i) the information needed to justify the eligible costs declared;
- (ii) information on subcontracting as referred to in Article II.11.1(d);
- (b) an interim financial statement ('interim financial statement'). The interim financial statement must include a consolidated statement and a breakdown of the amounts claimed by each beneficiary and its affiliated entities.

The interim financial statement must be drawn up in accordance with the structure of the estimated budget set out in Annex III and in accordance with Annex VI.;

(c)a certificate on the financial statements and underlying accounts ('certificate on the financial statements') for each beneficiary and for each affiliated entity in accordance with the provisions of Article I.4.4.d.

The certificate must certify that the costs declared in the interim financial statement by the beneficiary concerned or its affiliated entities for the categories of costs reimbursed in accordance with Article I.3.2(a)(i) are real, accurately recorded and eligible in accordance with the Agreement.

The coordinating beneficiary must certify that the information provided in the request for interim payment is full, reliable and true.

The coordinating beneficiary must also certify that the costs incurred can be considered eligible in accordance with the Agreement and that the request for payment is substantiated by adequate supporting documents that can be produced in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27.

I.4.4 Request for payment of the balance and supporting documents

The coordinating beneficiary must submit a request for payment of the balance in accordance with the reporting schedule specified in Annex II, but no later than 90 calendar days following the *end date* of the project.

This request must be accompanied by the following documents:

- (a) a final report on implementation of the project ('final technical report'), drawn up in accordance with Annex V, containing:
 - (i) the information needed to justify the eligible costs declared or the contribution requested on the basis of unit costs and lump sums (where the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of unit or lump sum costs or of a unit or lump sum contribution, as provided for in Article I.3.2(a)(ii) and (iii), (b) or (c));
 - (ii) information on subcontracting as referred to in Article II.11.1(d);
- (b) a final financial statement ('final financial statement'). The final financial statement must include a consolidated statement and a breakdown of the amounts claimed by each beneficiary and its affiliated entities.

The final financial statement must be drawn up in accordance with the structure of the estimated budget set out in Annex III and in accordance with Annex VI;

(c) a summary financial statement ('summary financial statement').

This statement must include a consolidated financial statement and a breakdown of the amounts declared or requested by each beneficiary and its affiliated entities, aggregating the financial statements already submitted previously and the revenue generated by the project referred to in Article II.25.3 for each beneficiary and its affiliated entities other than non-profit organisations.

The summary financial statement must be drawn up in accordance with Annex VI;

- (d) a certificate on the financial statements and underlying accounts ('certificate on the financial statements') for each beneficiary and for each affiliated entity, if:
 - (i) the cumulative amount of payments the beneficiary requests as reimbursement of actual costs as referred to in Article I.3.2(a)(i) (and for which no certificate has yet been submitted) is EUR 325,000 or more;
 - (ii) the maximum grant amount indicated for that beneficiary and its affiliated entities in the estimated budget as reimbursement of actual costs is EUR 750,000 or more.

This certificate must be produced by an approved auditor or, in case of public bodies, by a competent and independent public officer and drawn up in accordance with Annex VII.

The certificate must certify that the costs declared in the final financial statement by the beneficiary concerned or its affiliated entities for the categories of costs reimbursed in accordance with Article I.3.2(a)(i) are real, accurately recorded and eligible in accordance with the Agreement.

In addition, the certificate must certify that the revenues generated by the *project* referred to in Article II.25.3 have been declared for the beneficiaries and the affiliated entities other than non-profit organisations.

The coordinating beneficiary must certify that the information provided in the request for payment of the balance is full, reliable and true.

The coordinating beneficiary must also certify that the costs incurred can be considered eligible in accordance with the Agreement and that the request for payment is substantiated by adequate supporting documents that can be produced in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27.

In addition, the coordinating beneficiary must certify that all the receipts referred to in Article II.25.3 have been declared for each beneficiary and the affiliated entities other than non-profit organisations.

I.4.5 Information on cumulative expenditure incurred

In case the maximum contribution referred to in Article I.3.1 is more than EUR 5,000,000 then:

In addition to the reporting requirements set out above, the coordinating beneficiary must inform the Agency by 30 November each year about the cumulative expenditure incurred by the beneficiaries from the *starting date*.

This information is required for the Agency's accounting purposes and may not be used for determining the final amount of the grant.

I.4.6 Currency for requests for payment and financial statements and conversion into euro

Requests for payment and financial statements must be drafted in euros.

Beneficiaries and affiliated entities with general accounts in a currency other than the euro must convert costs incurred in another currency into euros at the monthly accounting rate established by the Commission and published on its website (available at http://ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts grants/info contracts/inforeuro/inforeuro en.cfm) applicable on the day when the cost was incurred, or

at the monthly accounting rate established by the Commission and published on its website (available at

http://ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts_grants/info_contracts/inforeuro/inforeuro_en.cfm
applicable on the first working day of the month following the period covered by the financial statement concerned

Beneficiaries and affiliated entities with general accounts in euros must convert costs incurred in another currency into euros in accordance with their usual accounting practices.

I.4.7 Language of requests for payments, technical reports and financial statements

All requests for payments, technical reports and financial statements must be submitted in English, with the exception of the technical annexes and supporting documents, which may be provided in any official language of the Union.

I.4.8 Payments to be made

The Agency must make the following payments to the coordinating beneficiary:

- a first pre-financing payment;
- interim payment[s], on the basis of the request for interim payment[s] referred to in Article I.4.3;
- one payment of the balance, on the basis of the request for payment of the balance referred to in Article I.4.4.

I.4.9 Pre-financing payment

The aim of the pre-financing is to provide the beneficiaries with a float. The pre-financing remains the property of the Union until it is cleared against interim payments or, if it is not cleared against interim payments, until the payment of the balance.

The Agency must make a first pre-financing payment of EUR 1,899,989.20³ to the coordinating beneficiary within 30 calendar days from the entry into force of the Agreement, except if Article II.24.1 applies.

I.4.10 Interim payments

Interim payments reimburse or cover the eligible costs incurred for the implementation of the *project* during the corresponding reporting periods.

The Agency must pay the coordinating beneficiary the amount due as interim payment within 90 calendar days from when the Agency receives the documents referred to in Article I.4.3, except if Article II.24.1 or II.24.2 apply.

Payment is subject to the approval of the request for interim payment and of the accompanying documents. Their approval does not imply recognition of the compliance, authenticity, completeness or correctness of their content.

The Agency calculates the amount due as interim payment as follows:

Step 1 — It applies the reimbursement rate to the eligible costs and adds the unit, flatrate and lump sum contributions

Step 2 — It may clear in full or in part the pre-financing 4

Step 3 — It limits the total amount of pre-financing and interim payments to 80% of the maximum amount of the grant.

I.4.10.1 Step 1 — Applying the reimbursement rate to the eligible costs and adding the unit, flat-rate and lump sum contributions

This step is applied as follows:

- (a) If, in accordance with Article I.3.2(a), the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of eligible costs, the reimbursement rate specified in that Article is applied to the eligible costs of the *project* approved by the Agency for the concerned reporting period and for the corresponding categories of costs, beneficiaries and affiliated entities;
- (b) If, in accordance with Article I.3.2(b), the grant takes the form of a unit contribution, the unit contribution specified in that Article is multiplied by the actual number of

³ 20% of the Union Contribution

⁴ Clearing will start as of the moment that the total amount paid and the amount to be paid would exceed 80% of the Union Contribution

- units approved by the Agency for the concerned reporting period and for the corresponding beneficiaries and affiliated entities;
- (c) If, in accordance with Article I.3.2(c), the grant takes the form of a lump sum contribution, the Agency applies the lump sum specified in that Article for the corresponding beneficiaries and affiliated entities if it finds that the corresponding tasks or part of the *project* were implemented properly in accordance with Annex I during the concerned reporting period;
- (d) If, in accordance with Article I.3.2(d), the grant takes the form of a flat-rate contribution, the flat rate referred to in that Article is applied to the eligible costs or to the contribution approved by the Agency for the concerned reporting period and for the corresponding beneficiaries and affiliated entities.

If Article I.3.2 provides for a combination of different forms of grant, the amounts obtained must be added.

I.4.10.2 Step 2 — Clearing the pre-financing

The amount of pre-financing to be cleared must be deducted from the amount obtained following Step 1.

I.4.10.3 Step 3 — Limiting the amount of pre-financing and interim payments to 80 % of the maximum amount specified in Article I.3.1

I.4.11 Payment of the balance

The payment of the balance reimburses or covers the remaining part of the eligible costs incurred by the beneficiaries for the implementation of the *project*.

If the total amount of earlier payments is greater than the final amount of the grant determined in accordance with Article II.25, the payment of the balance takes the form of a recovery as provided for by Article II.26.

If the total amount of earlier payments is lower than the final amount of the grant determined in accordance with Article II.25, the Agency must pay the balance within 90 calendar days from when it receives the documents referred to in Article I.4.4, except if Article II.24.1 or II.24.2 apply.

Payment is subject to the approval of the request for payment of the balance and of the accompanying documents. Their approval does not imply recognition of the compliance, authenticity, completeness or correctness of their content.

The Agency determines the amount due as the balance by deducting the total amount of prefinancing and interim payments (if any) already made from the final amount of the grant determined in accordance with Article II.25.

The amount to be paid may, however, be offset, without the beneficiary's consent, against any other amount owed by the beneficiary to the Agency, the Commission or to an executive agency (under the EU or Euratom budget), up to the maximum contribution indicated for that beneficiary, in the estimated budget in Annex III.

I.4.12 Notification of amounts due

The Agency must send a notification to the coordinating beneficiary:

- (a) informing it of the amount due; and
- (b) specifying whether the notification concerns a further pre-financing payment, an interim payment or the payment of the balance.

For the payment of the balance, the Agency must also specify the final amount of the grant determined in accordance with Article II.25.

I.4.13 Interest on late payment

If the Agency does not pay within the time limits for payment, the beneficiaries are entitled to late-payment interest at the rate applied by the European Central Bank for its main refinancing operations in euros ('the reference rate'), plus three and a half points. The reference rate is the rate in force on the first day of the month in which the time limit for payment expires, as published in the C series of the Official Journal of the European Union.

Late-payment interest is not due if all beneficiaries are Member States of the Union (including regional and local government authorities and other public bodies acting in the name of and on behalf of the Member State for the purpose of the Agreement).

If the Agency suspends the time limit for payment as provided for in Article II.24.2 or if it suspends an actual payments as provided for in Article II.24.1, these actions may not be considered as cases of late payment.

Late-payment interest covers the period running from the day following the due date for payment, up to and including the date of actual payment as established in Article I.4.15. The Agency does not consider payable interest when determining the final amount of grant within the meaning of Article II.25.

As an exception to the first subparagraph, if the calculated interest is lower than or equal to EUR 200, it must be paid to the coordinating beneficiary only if the coordinating beneficiary requests it within two months of receiving late payment.

I.4.14 Currency for payments

The Agency must make payments in euros.

I.4.15 Date of payment

Payments by the Agency are considered to have been carried out on the date when they are debited to its account.

I.4.16 Costs of payment transfers

Costs of the payment transfers are borne as follows:

- (a) the Agency bears the costs of transfer charged by its bank;
- (b) the beneficiary bears the costs of transfer charged by its bank;
- (c) the party causing a repetition of a transfer bears all costs of repeated transfers.

I.4.17 Payments to the coordinating beneficiary

The Agency must make payments to the coordinating beneficiary.

Payments to the coordinating beneficiary discharge the Agency from its payment obligation.

ARTICLE 1.5 — BANK ACCOUNT FOR PAYMENTS

All payments must be made to the coordinating beneficiary's bank account as indicated below:

Name of bank: UniCredit Bank Czech Republic and Slovakia, a.s.

Precise denomination of the account holder: Moravskoslezský kraj

Full account number (including bank codes): CZ98 2700 0000 0021 0598 6274

IBAN code: CZ98 2700 0000 0021 0598 6274

ARTICLE I.6 — DATA CONTROLLER, COMMUNICATION DETAILS OF THE PARTIES

I.6.1 Data controller

The entity acting as a data controller as provided for in Article II.7 is: the head of *Unit* D1. LIFE Energy + LIFE Climate.

I.6.2 Communication details of the Agency

Any communication addressed to the Agency shall bear the identification number and project title and must be sent to the following address:

Ordinary or registered mail by postal service:

European Climate, Infrastructure and Environment Executive Agency (CINEA)
Department D - Natural resources, climate, sustainable blue economy and clean energy

Unit D1. LIFE Energy + LIFE Climate

W-910

B-1049 Brussels

Express delivery service or hand-delivery against signature :

European Commission
European Climate, Infrastructure and Environment Executive Agency (CINEA)
Unit D1. LIFE Energy + LIFE Climate
Avenue du Bourget 1
B-1140 Brussels

E-mails:

E-mail address: CINEA-LIFE-MONITORING@ec.europa.eu

I.6.3 Communication details of the beneficiaries

Any communication from the Agency to the beneficiaries must be sent to the following address:

Project manager

Moravskoslezský kraj – Moravia-Silesian Region (MSR)

28.října 117, 702 18 Ostrava, Czechia

I.6.4 Communication details of the beneficiaries after payment of the balance

After the payment of the balance, any communication addressed to the beneficiaries must be sent to their legal address.

ARTICLE 1.7 — ENTITIES AFFILIATED TO THE BENEFICIARIES

Not Applicable

ARTICLE I.8 — BENEFICIARIES WHICH ARE INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS

Not Applicable

ARTICLE 1.9 — CHECKS AND AUDITS

By derogation of Article II.27.3 of the general conditions, notwithstanding whether the checks, audits or evaluations are initiated before or after the payment of the balance, the coordinating beneficiary may be required to collect the information concerning the associated beneficiaries and to make them available to the Agency or other outside body authorised by it.

When requested by the Agency or other outside body authorised by it, the coordinating beneficiary shall provide without delay the information mentioned above, which includes that of the concerned associated beneficiaries. In this case, the coordinating beneficiary shall bear responsibility for obtaining and verifying this information before passing it on to the Agency, as foreseen in Article II.2.3(b)(ii).

In this case, the contradictory audit procedure foreseen in Article II.27.5 shall be conducted with the coordinating beneficiary, who will be requested to submit the observations of the associated beneficiaries concerned by the check, audit or evaluation.

This is without prejudice to the right of the Agency or other outside body authorised by it to perform audits either on one or several associated beneficiaries. In this case the associated beneficiaries shall provide the information directly.

ARTICLE 1.10 — SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES WITH NON-EU BENEFICIARIES

Not Applicable

ARTICLE I.11 — SPECIAL PROVISIONS ON THE FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR RECOVERIES

The financial responsibility of each beneficiary is limited to its own debt, including any amount unduly paid by the Agency as a contribution towards the costs incurred by its affiliated entities.

Point (c) of the third paragraph of Article II.26.3 does not apply.

ARTICLE I.12 — OBLIGATION TO CONCLUDE AN INTERNAL COOPERATION AGREEMENT

The beneficiaries must conclude an internal cooperation agreement including provisions on the management, operation and coordination of the beneficiaries and the implementation of the project.

ARTICLE I.13 — ELIGIBILITY OF DURABLE GOODS COSTS

As an exception to Article II.19.2(c), the full cost of purchase of equipment and infrastructure is eligible, subject to the following conditions:

(a) For *LIFE Integrated projects*, the purchase costs incurred for durable goods intrinsically connected with the implementation of the project and used to a significant degree within its duration shall be considered eligible in full. Such eligibility shall be subject to the coordinating beneficiary and associated beneficiaries undertaking to continue to assign these goods definitively and exclusively to activities implementing the targeted plan beyond the end of the integrated project co-financed under LIFE.

This commitment shall extend beyond the end of the project and cover at least the whole economic life of the good.

(b) For *prototypes* 100% of the purchase costs of their components are eligible for cofunding. A *prototype* may not be used for commercial purposes during the period set out in Article I.2.2. Should the prototype or any of its components be used for commercial purposes (i.e. sold, leased, rented or used to produce goods or services) during the project, this shall be declared. The costs of creating the prototype shall then be depreciated in accordance with the rules applicable to the purchase of new or second-hand equipment and infrastructure. Any related income should be declared.

ARTICLE 1.14 — ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS ON USE OF THE RESULTS INCLUDING INTELLECTUAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

In accordance with Article II.9.3, whereby the Union acquires rights to use the results of the project, these results may be exploited using any of the following modes:

- (a) distribution to the public in hard copies, in electronic or digital format, on the internet including social networks as a downloadable or non-downloadable file;
- (b) communication through press information services;
- (c) inclusion in widely accessible databases or indexes, such as via 'open access' or 'open data' portals, or similar repositories, whether freely accessible or accessible only upon subscription;
- (d) edit or re-write in another way the results of the project, including shortening, summarising, modifying the content, correcting technical errors in the content insert other as appropriate;
- (e) cut, insert meta-data, legends or other graphic, visual, audio or word elements insert other as appropriate in the results of the project;
- (f) extract a part (e.g. audio or video files) of, divide into parts or compile the results of the project;
- (g) prepare derivative works of the results of the project;
- (h) translate, insert subtitles in, dub the results of the project in:
 - all official languages of EU
- (i) license or sub-license to third parties, including if there are licensed pre-existing rights, any of the rights or modes of exploitation set out in points (a)-(i) of Article II.9.3 of the General Conditions and in points (a) to (h) above.

The beneficiaries must ensure that the Union has the rights of use specified in the General Conditions and in points (a)-(i) above for the whole duration of the industrial or intellectual property rights concerned.

ARTICLE 1.15 — INAPPLICABILITY OF THE NO-PROFIT PRINCIPLE

In accordance with point (b) of Article II.25.3, the non-profit principle does not apply to the following beneficiary that is a non-profit organisation:

Czech Environmental Partnership Foundation.

ARTICLE I.16 — ELIGIBILITY OF VOLUNTEERS' WORK

As an exception to Article II.19.4(i), the value of volunteers' work may be declared as eligible costs in the form of unit costs in accordance with Article I.3.2(a)(ii). These costs may not exceed the limit specified in point (b) of Article II.25.1.

Multi beneficiaries model agreement: December 2018 – Version LIFE September 2021

Project number: LIFE20 IPC/CZ/000004

SIGNATURES

Qualified electronic signature by:

CHRISTIAN STRASSER

Date: 2021-12-16 16:11:28 +01:00

For the coordinating beneficiary

For the Agency

Governor, Ivo Vondrák

Head of Unit, Christian Strasser

Done at Ostrava, on

Done at Brussels, on

In duplicate in English

ANNEX I — GENERAL CONDITIONS

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PART A — LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

ARTICLE II.1 — DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply for the purpose of the Agreement:

'Project': the set of activities or the actions for which the grant is awarded, to be implemented by the beneficiaries as described in Annex II.

'Breach of obligations': failure by a beneficiary to fulfil one or more of its contractual obligations

'Confidential information or document': any information or document (in any format) received by either party from the other or accessed by either party in the context of the implementation of the Agreement that any of the parties has identified in writing as confidential. It does not include information that is publicly available.

'Conflict of interests': a situation where the impartial and objective implementation of the Agreement by a beneficiary is compromised for reasons involving family, emotional life, political or national affinity, economic interest, or any other shared interest with the Agency, or any third party related to the subject matter of the Agreement.

'Direct costs': those specific costs which are directly linked to the implementation of the project and can therefore be attributed directly to it. They may not include any indirect costs;

'Force majeure': any unforeseeable, exceptional situation or event beyond the control of the parties that prevents either of them from fulfilling any of their obligations under the Agreement, which is not attributable to error or negligence on their part or on the part of the subcontractors affiliated entities or third parties in receipt of financial support and which proves to be inevitable despite their exercising due diligence. The following cannot be invoked as force majeure: labour disputes, strikes, financial difficulties or any default of a service, defect in equipment or materials or delays in making them available, unless they stem directly from a relevant case of force majeure;

'Formal notification': form of communication between the parties made in writing by mail or electronic mail which provides the sender with compelling evidence that the message was delivered to the specified recipient;

'Fraud': any act or omission relating to the use or presentation of false, incorrect or incomplete statements or documents, which has as its effect the misappropriation or wrongful retention of funds or assets from the Union budget, the non-disclosure of information in violation of a specific obligation, with the same effect or the misapplication of such funds or assets for purposes other than those for which they were originally granted 'Grave professional misconduct': a violation of applicable laws or regulations or ethical standards of the profession to which a person or entity belongs, or any wrongful conduct of a person or entity which has an impact on its professional credibility where such conduct denotes wrongful intent or gross negligence.

'Implementation period': the period of implementation of the activities forming part of the project, as specified in Article I.2.2;

- 'Indirect costs': those costs which are not specific costs directly linked to the implementation of the project and which therefore cannot be attributed directly to it. They may not include any costs identifiable or declared as eligible direct costs;
- 'Irregularity': any infringement of a provision of Union law resulting from an act or omission by a beneficiary, which has or would have the effect of prejudicing the Union's budget;
- 'Maximum amount of the grant': the maximum EU contribution to the project, as defined in Article I.3.1;
- 'Pre-existing material': any materials, document, technology or know-how which exists prior to the beneficiary using it for the production of a result in the implementation of the project;
- 'Pre-existing right': any industrial and intellectual property right on pre-existing material; it may consist in a right of ownership, a licence right and/or a right of use belonging to the beneficiary or any other third parties;
- 'Related person': any person who has the power to represent the beneficiary or to take decisions on its behalf;
- 'Starting date': the date on which the implementation of the project starts as provided for in Article I.2.2;
- **'Subcontract':** a procurement contract within the meaning of Article II.10, which covers the implementation by a third party of tasks forming part of the project as described in Annex II;

ARTICLE II.2 — GENERAL OBLIGATIONS AND ROLES OF THE BENEFICIARIES

II.2.1 General obligations and role of the beneficiaries

The beneficiaries:

- (a) are jointly and severally liable for carrying out the project in accordance with the Agreement. If a beneficiary fails to implement its part of the project, the other beneficiaries become responsible for implementing this part (but without increasing the maximum amount of the grant);
- (b) must comply jointly or individually with any legal obligations they are bound by under applicable EU, international and national law;
- (c) must make appropriate internal arrangements to implement the *project* properly. The arrangements must be consistent with the terms of the Agreement. If provided for in the Special Conditions, those arrangements must take the form of an internal cooperation agreement between the beneficiaries.

- (d) maintain up-to-date books of account, in accordance with the usual accounting conventions imposed on them by law and existing regulations;
- (e) not act, in the context of the project, as sub-contractor or supplier to any other beneficiary;
- (f) contribute financially to the project;

II.2.2 General obligations and role of each beneficiary

Each associated beneficiary must:

- (a) inform the coordinating beneficiary immediately of any change likely to affect or delay the implementation of the project of which the beneficiary is aware, and, for LIFE Nature Integrated projects, of any activity by third parties that is likely to have a significant negative impact on the sites/species targeted in the project, and if appropriate to take measures to persuade third parties to refrain from such activities;
- (b) inform the coordinator immediately:
 - (i) of any change in its legal, financial, technical, organisational or ownership situation and of any change in its name, address or legal representative;
 - (ii) of any change in the legal, financial, technical, organisational or ownership situation of its affiliated entities and of any change in their name, address or legal representative;
 - (iii) of any change regarding the exclusion situations listed in Article 136 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1046, including for its affiliated entities;
- (c) submit in due time to the coordinating beneficiary:
 - (i) the data needed to draw up the reports, financial statements and other documents provided for in the Agreement;
 - (ii) all the necessary documents required for audits, checks or evaluations as provided for in Article II.27.
 - (iii) any other information to be provided to the Agency under the Agreement, except if the Agreement requires such information to be submitted directly by the beneficiary to the Agency.

II.2.3 General obligations and role of the coordinating beneficiary

The coordinating beneficiary:

- (a) must monitor the implementation of the *project* in order to make sure that is implemented in accordance with the terms of the Agreement;
- (b) is the intermediary for all communications between the beneficiaries and the Agency, except if provided otherwise in the Agreement. In particular, the coordinating beneficiary:

- (i) must immediately inform the Agency:
 - of any change in the name, address, legal representative of any of the beneficiaries or of their affiliated entities;
 - of any change in the legal, financial, technical, organisational or ownership situation of any of the beneficiaries or of their affiliated entities;
 - of any events or circumstances of which the coordinating beneficiary is aware, that are likely to affect or delay the implementation of the *project*.
 - for LIFE Nature Integrated projects, of any activity by third parties that is likely to have a significant negative impact on the sites/species targeted in the project, and if appropriate to take measures to persuade third parties to refrain from such activities;
- (ii) is responsible for supplying the Agency with all documents and information required under the Agreement, except if provided otherwise in the Agreement itself. If information is required from the other beneficiaries, the coordinating beneficiary is responsible for obtaining and verifying this information before passing it on to the Agency;
- must make the appropriate arrangements for providing any financial guarantees required under the Agreement;
- (d) must draw up the requests for payment in accordance with the Agreement;
- (e) if it is designated as the sole recipient of payments on behalf of all of the beneficiaries, it must ensure that all the appropriate payments are made within 30 days of the receipt of the funds paid by the Agency unless there is a justified delay. The coordinating beneficiary shall inform the Agency of the distribution of the Union contribution;
- (f) bear responsibility for providing all the necessary documents in the event of checks and audits initiated before the payment of the balance, and in the event of evaluation in accordance with Article II.27 as well as for retaining copies of all supporting documents of all the associated beneficiaries for at least five years after the balance payment.

The coordinating beneficiary may not subcontract any part of its tasks described in points (a) to (f) to the other beneficiaries or to any other party.

II.2.4 The role of the external monitoring team

To follow up the project, the Agency selected an external monitoring team (hereinafter "the external monitoring team") to assist it by following and assessing the projects progress and their coherence with the actual costs incurred.

The external monitoring team shall not be authorised to take any decision on behalf of the Agency. A recommendation or a statement provided by the external monitoring team to the beneficiaries cannot be interpreted as representing a position of the Agency.

ARTICLE II.3 — COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE PARTIES

II.3.1 Form and means of communication

Any communication relating to the Agreement or to its implementation must:

- (a) be made in writing (in paper⁵ or electronic form);
- (b) bear the number of the Agreement and the acronym; and
- (c) be made using the communication details identified in Article I.6.

If a party requests written confirmation of an electronic communication within a reasonable time, the sender must provide an original signed paper version of the communication as soon as possible.

Before communicating directly with the Agency, the coordinating beneficiary shall consult the external monitoring team. Any correspondence relating to the Agreement or to its implementation sent by the coordinating beneficiary to the Agency shall be sent in parallel to the external monitoring team.

Formal notifications shall be made by registered mail with return receipt or equivalent, or by equivalent electronic means.

II.3.2 Date of communications

Any communication is considered to have been made when the receiving party receives it, unless the Agreement states that communication is considered to have been made on the date when the communication was sent.

Email is considered to have been received by the receiving party on the day of successful dispatch of that email, provided that it is sent to the email address indicated in Article I.6. The sending party must be able to prove the date of dispatch. If the sending party receives a non-delivery report, it must make every effort to ensure that the other party actually receives the communication by email or mail. In such a case, the sending party is not held in breach of its obligation to send such communication within a specified deadline.

Mail sent to the Agency using the postal or courier services is considered to have been received by the Agency on the date on which it is registered by the unit identified in Article I.6.2 or on the date on which it is received by the *external monitoring team*, whichever of these dates is later.

Formal notifications are considered to have been received by the receiving party on the date of receipt indicated in the proof received by the sending party that the message was delivered to the specified recipient.

ARTICLE II.4 — LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES



⁵ Digital signature might be accepted if it is compliant with the eIDAS Regulation (Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC)

- II.4.1 The Agency may not be held liable for any damage caused or sustained by any of the beneficiaries, including any damage caused to third parties as a consequence of or during the implementation of the *project*.
- II.4.2 Except in cases of force majeure, the beneficiaries must compensate the Agency for any damage it sustains as a result of the implementation of the project or because the project was not implemented in full compliance with the Agreement.

ARTICLE II.5 — CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

- II.5.1 The beneficiaries must take all necessary measures to prevent any situation of conflict of interests.
- II.5.2 The beneficiaries must inform the Agency without delay of any situation constituting or likely to lead to a *conflict of interests*. They must take immediately all the necessary steps to rectify this situation.

The Agency may verify that the measures taken are appropriate and may require additional measures to be taken by a specified deadline.

ARTICLE II.6 — CONFIDENTIALITY

- II.6.1 During implementation of the project and for five years after the payment of the balance, the parties must treat with confidentiality any confidential information and documents.
- II.6.2 The parties may only use confidential information and documents for a reason other than to fulfil their obligations under the Agreement if they have first obtained the prior written agreement of the other party.
- II.6.3 The confidentiality obligations do not apply if:
 - (a) the disclosing party agrees to release the other party from those obligations;
 - (b) the *confidential information or documents* become public through other means than a breach of the confidentiality obligations;
 - (c) the disclosure of the confidential information or documents is required by law
 - (d) the Agency shares confidential information or documents with the European Commission.
- **II.6.4** The external monitoring team shall act under the same confidentiality rules as those stipulated for the beneficiaries and the Agency.

ARTICLE II.7 — PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA

II.7.1 Processing of personal data by the Agency



Any personal data included in the Agreement must be processed by the Agency in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 2018/1725.6

Such data must be processed by the data controller identified in Article I.6.1 solely for implementing, managing and monitoring the Agreement or to protect the financial interests of the EU, including checks, audits and investigations in accordance with Article II.27.

The beneficiaries have the right to access, rectify or erase their own personal data and the right to restrict or, where applicable, the right to data portability or the right to object to data processing in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 2018/1725. For this purpose, they must send any queries about the processing of their personal data to the data controller identified in Article I.7.1.

The beneficiaries may have recourse at any time to the European Data Protection Supervisor.

II.7.2 Processing of personal data by the beneficiaries

The beneficiaries must process personal data under the Agreement in compliance with applicable EU and national law on data protection (including authorisations or notification requirements).

The beneficiaries may grant their personnel access only to data that is strictly necessary for implementing, managing and monitoring the Agreement. The beneficiary must ensure that the personnel authorised to process personal data has committed itself to confidentiality or is under appropriate statutory obligation of confidentiality.

The beneficiaries must adopt appropriate technical and organisational security measures having regard to the risks inherent in the processing and to the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing of the personal data concerned. This is in order to ensure, as appropriate:

- (a) the pseudonymisation and encryption of personal data;
- (b) the ability to ensure the ongoing confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of processing systems and services;
- (c) the ability to restore the availability and access to personal data in a timely manner in the event of a physical or technical incident;
- (d) a process for regularly testing, assessing and evaluating the effectiveness of technical and organisational measures for ensuring the security of the processing;



⁶ Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC

- (e) measures to protect personal data from accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of or access to personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed.
- (f) ensure that, during communication of personal data and transport of storage media, the data cannot be read, copied or erased without authorisation;
- (g) design their organisational structure in such a way that it meets data protection requirements.

ARTICLE II.8 — VISIBILITY OF UNION FUNDING

II.8.1 Information on Union funding and use of the LIFE Programme and Natura 2000 logos

- a) Unless the Agency requests or agrees otherwise, any communication or publication made by the beneficiaries jointly or individually that relates to the project, including at conferences, seminars or in any information or promotional materials (such as brochures, leaflets, posters, presentations, in electronic form, etc.), must:
 - i. indicate that the project has received funding from the Union; and
 - ii. display the LIFE Programme logo (Annex II to the LIFE Regulation, https://cinea.ec.europa.eu/life/communication-gdpr-rules_enFor-audio-visual material, the credits at the beginning and/or at the end shall include an explicit audible and readable mention to the LIFE financial support (e.g. "With the contribution of the LIFE Programme of the European Union").

All durable goods acquired in the frame of the project shall bear the LIFE logo unless otherwise specified by the Agency

When displayed in association with another logo, the LIFE Programme logo must have appropriate prominence.

The obligation to display the *LIFE Programme logo* does not confer on the beneficiaries a right of exclusive use. The beneficiaries may not appropriate the *LIFE Programme logo* or any similar trademark or logo, either by registration or by any other means.

For the purposes of the first, second and third subparagraphs and under the conditions specified therein, the beneficiaries may use the *LIFE Programme logo* without first obtaining permission from the Agency.

For projects in Natura 2000 sites or contributing to the integrity of the Natura 2000 network, the obligations regarding the LIFE Programme logo also apply for the Natura 2000 logo (https://cinea.ec.europa.eu/life/communication-gdpr-rules en). The project's importance in terms of establishing the Natura 2000 network must be described in the notice boards and on the websites.

b) The coordinating beneficiary shall create a project website or use an existing website in at least one official language of the European Union for the dissemination of project activities, progress and results. The web address where the main results of the project are available to the public shall be indicated in the reports. This website shall be online at the latest six months after the starting date as specified in Article I.2.2, shall be regularly updated and shall be kept for at least five years after the end of the project. A summary of the project in English language, including name and contact information of the coordinating beneficiary, will be placed on the LIFE website and made available to the general public.

c) The beneficiaries shall erect and maintain *notice boards* describing the project at the locations where it is implemented, at strategic places accessible and visible to the public.

II.8.2 Disclaimers excluding Agency responsibility

Any communication or publication that relates to the project, made by the beneficiaries jointly or individually in any form and using any means, must indicate:

- (a) that it reflects only the author's view; and
- (b) that the Agency is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.

ARTICLE II.9 — PRE-EXISTING RIGHTS AND OWNERSHIP AND USE OF THE RESULTS (INCLUDING INTELLECTUAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY RIGHTS)

II.9.1 Ownership of the results by the beneficiaries

The beneficiaries retain ownership of the results of the project, including industrial and intellectual property rights, and of the reports and other documents relating to it, unless stipulated otherwise in the Agreement.

With a view to promoting the use of techniques or models favourable to the environment, the beneficiaries are encouraged to make available throughout the Union all documents, patents and know-how directly resulting from the project implementation, on non-discriminatory and reasonable commercial conditions.

II.9.2 Pre-existing rights

If the Agency sends the beneficiaries a written request specifying which of the results it intends to use, the beneficiaries must:

- (a) establish a list specifying all pre-existing rights included in those results; and
- (b) provide this list to the Agency at the latest with the request for payment of the balance.

The beneficiaries must ensure that they or their affiliated entities have all the rights to use any pre-existing rights during the implementation of the Agreement.

II.9.3 Rights of use of the results and of pre-existing rights by the Union

The beneficiaries grant the Union and the Commission/Agency the following rights to use the results of the project:

(a) for its own purposes and in particular to make available to persons working for the Agency/Commission, other Union institutions, agencies and bodies and to Member

States' institutions, as well as to copy and reproduce in whole or in part and in an unlimited number of copies;

- (b) reproduction: the right to authorise direct or indirect, temporary or permanent reproduction of the results by any means (mechanical, digital or other) and in any form, in whole or in part;
- (c) communication to the public: the right to authorise any display performance or communication to the public, by wire or wireless means, including making the results available to the public in such a way that members of the public may access them from a place and at a time individually chosen by them; this right also includes communication and broadcasting by cable or by satellite;
- (d) distribution: the right to authorise any form of distribution of results or copies of the results to the public;
- (e) adaptation: the right to modify the results;
- (f) translation;
- (g) the right to store and archive the results in line with the document management rules applicable to the Agency/Commission, including digitisation or converting the format for preservation or new use purposes;
- (h) where the results are documents, the right to authorise the reuse of the documents in conformity with Commission Decision 2011/833/EU of 12 December 2011 on the reuse of Commission documents if that Decision is applicable and if the documents fall within its scope and are not excluded by any of its provisions. For the sake of this provision, the terms 'reuse' and 'document' have the meanings given to them by Decision 2011/833/EU.
- (i) inclusion in widely accessible databases or indexes, such as via 'open access' or 'open data' portals, or similar repositories, whether freely accessible or accessible only upon subscription of the LIFE Key Project Indicators collected by the beneficiaries in relation to the project.

The above rights of use may be further specified in the Special Conditions.

Additional rights of use for the Union may be provided for in the Special Conditions.

The beneficiaries must ensure that the Union has the right to use any *pre-existing rights* included in the results of the project. The *pre-existing rights* must be used for the same purposes and under the same conditions as applicable to the rights of use of the results of the project, unless specified otherwise in the Special Conditions.

Information about the copyright owner must be inserted in cases where the result is divulged by the Union. The copyright information must read: '© — year — name of the copyright owner. All rights reserved. Licenced to the European Union under conditions.'.

If the beneficiaries grant rights of use to the Agency/Commission, this does not affect its confidentiality obligations under Article II.6 or the beneficiaries' obligations under Article II.2.1.

ARTICLE II.10 — AWARD OF CONTRACTS NECESSARY FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROJECT

II.10.1 If the implementation of the *project* requires the beneficiaries to procure goods, works or services, they may award the contract in accordance with their usual purchasing practices provided that the contracts is awarded to the tender offering best value for money or, as appropriate, to the tender offering the lowest price. In doing so, they must avoid any *conflict of interests*. Tendering procedures shall comply with the principles of transparency and equal treatment of potential contractors. The beneficiaries must maintain a written record of the procedure used to ensure that these conditions are fulfilled in the tendering procedure in accordance with their usual procurement policy and/or practise.

The beneficiaries must ensure that the Agency, the Commission, the European Court of Auditors and the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) can exercise their rights under Article II.27 also towards the beneficiaries' contractors.

II.10.2 Beneficiaries that are 'contracting authorities' within the meaning of Directive 2014/24/EU⁷ or 'contracting entities' within the meaning of Directive 2014/25/EU⁸ must comply with the applicable national public procurement rules.

The beneficiaries must ensure that the conditions applicable to them under Articles II.4, II.5, II.6 and II.9 are also applicable to the contractors.

- II.10.3 The beneficiaries remain solely responsible for carrying out the *project* and for compliance with the Agreement.
- II.10.4 If the beneficiaries breach their obligations under Article II.10.1 the costs related to the contract concerned are considered ineligible in accordance with Article II.19.2 (c), (d) and (e).

If the beneficiaries breach their obligations under Article II.10.2 the grant may be reduced in accordance with Article II.25.4.

ARTICLE II.11 — SUBCONTRACTING OF TASKS FORMING PART OF THE PROJECT



⁷ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC

⁸ Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC

- II.11.1 Beneficiaries may subcontract tasks forming part of the *project*. If they do so, they must ensure that, in addition to the conditions specified in Article II.10, the following conditions are also complied with:
 - (a) subcontracting does not cover core tasks of the project;
 - (b) recourse to subcontracting is justified because of the nature of the *project* and what is necessary for its implementation;
 - (c) the estimated costs of the subcontracting are clearly identifiable in the estimated budget set out in Annex III;

any recourse to subcontracting, if not provided for in Annex II and III, is communicated by the coordinating beneficiary and approved by the Agency. The Agency may grant approval after recourse to subcontracting if the subcontracting:

- is specifically justified in the mid term or final technical report referred to in Articles I.4.3 and I.4.4; and
- does not entail changes to the Agreement which would call into question the decision awarding the grant or be contrary to the equal treatment of applicants;
- (d) the beneficiaries ensure that
 - i. the conditions applicable to them under Article II.8 are also applicable to the subcontractors.
 - ii. all invoices issued by subcontractors are sufficiently detailed as to allow identification of single items covered by the service delivered (i.e. clear description and cost of each item).
- II.11.2 If the beneficiaries breach their obligations under Article II.11.1 (a), (b), (c) or (d), the costs related to the contract concerned are considered ineligible in accordance with Article II.19.2 (f).

If the beneficiaries breach their obligation under Article II.11.1 (e) the grant may be reduced in accordance with Article II.25.4.

ARTICLE II.12 — FINANCIAL SUPPORT TO THIRD PARTIES

- II.12.1 Where the implementation of the project requires giving financial support to third parties, the beneficiaries shall give such financial support in accordance with the conditions specified in Annex II, which shall at least contain:
 - (a) the maximum amount of financial support, which shall not exceed EUR 60 000 for each third party and a total of EUR 200 000 for the project period;
 - (b) the criteria for determining the exact amount of the financial support;
 - (c) the different types of activity that may receive financial support, on the basis of a fixed list;

- (d) the definition of the persons or categories of persons which may receive financial support;
- (e) the criteria for giving the financial support.
- **II.12.2** Financial support in the form of prizes is not allowed.
- II.12.3 The beneficiaries shall ensure that the conditions applicable to them under Articles II.3, II.4, II.5, II.7, II.8 and II.27 are also applicable to the third parties receiving financial support.

ARTICLE II.13 — AMENDMENTS TO THE AGREEMENT

- II.13.1 Any amendment to the Agreement must be made in writing.
- II.13.2 An amendment may not have the purpose or the effect of making changes to the Agreement which would call into question the decision awarding the grant or be contrary to the equal treatment of applicants.

Only substantial changes require a formal amendment of the Agreement and will only be accepted in duly justified cases.

- **II.13.3** Any request for amendment must:
 - (a) be duly justified;
 - (b) be accompanied by appropriate supporting documents; and
 - (c) be sent to the other party in due time before it is due to take effect, and in any case one month before the end of the *implementation period*.
 - Point (c) does not apply in cases duly substantiated by the party requesting the amendment if the other party agrees.
- II.13.4 A request for amendment on behalf of the beneficiaries must be submitted by the coordinating beneficiary. If a change of coordinating beneficiary is requested without its agreement, the request must be submitted by all other beneficiaries and must be accompanied by the opinion of the coordinating beneficiary or proof that this opinion has been requested in writing.
- II.13.5 Amendments enter into force on the date on which the last party signs or on the date of approval of the request for amendment.

Amendments take effect on a date agreed by the parties or, in the absence of such an agreed date, on the date on which the amendment enters into force.

ARTICLE II.14 — ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS FOR PAYMENTS TO THIRD PARTIES

II.14.1 The beneficiaries may not assign any of their claims for payment against the Agency to any third party, except if approved by the Agency on the basis of a reasoned, written request by the coordinating beneficiary made on behalf of the beneficiaries.

If the Agency does not accept the assignment or the terms of it are not complied with, the assignment has no effect on it.

II.14.2 In no circumstances may an assignment release the beneficiaries from their obligations towards the Agency.

ARTICLE II.15 — FORCE MAJEURE

- II.15.1 A party faced with force majeure must send a formal notification to the other party without delay, stating the nature of the situation or of the event, its likely duration and foreseeable effects.
- II.15.2 The parties must take the necessary measures to limit any damage due to force majeure. They must do their best to resume the implementation of the project as soon as possible.
- II.15.3 The party faced with force majeure may not be considered in breach of its obligations under the Agreement if it has been prevented from fulfilling them by force majeure.

ARTICLE II.16 — SUSPENSION OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROJECT

II.16.1 Suspension of implementation by the beneficiaries

The coordinating beneficiary, on behalf of the beneficiaries, may suspend the implementation of the *project* or any part of it, if exceptional circumstances make such implementation impossible or excessively difficult, in particular in the event of *force majeure*.

The coordinating beneficiary must immediately inform the Agency, stating:

- (a) the reasons for suspension, including details about the date or period when the exceptional circumstances occurred; and
- (b) the expected date of resumption.

Once the circumstances allow the beneficiaries to resume implementing the *project*, the coordinating beneficiary must inform the Agency immediately and present a request for amendment of the Agreement as provided for in Article II.16.3. This obligation does not apply if the Agreement or the participation of a beneficiary is terminated in accordance with Articles II.17.1, II.17.2 or points (c) or (d) of Article II.17.3.1.

II.16.2 Suspension of implementation by the Agency

II.16.2.1 Grounds for suspension

The Agency may suspend the implementation of the *project* or any part thereof:

- (a) if the Agency has evidence that a beneficiary has committed *irregularities*, *fraud or breach of obligations* in the award procedure or while implementing the Agreement;
- (b) if the Agency has evidence that a beneficiary has committed systemic or recurrent, *irregularities, fraud* or serious breach of obligations in other grants funded by the Union or the European Atomic Energy Community ('Euratom') awarded to the

beneficiary under similar conditions and the errors, irregularities, fraud or breach have a material impact on this grant; or

(c) if the Agency suspects, *irregularities*, *fraud* or breach of obligations committed by a beneficiary in the award procedure or while implementing the Agreement and needs to verify whether they have actually occurred.

II.16.2.2 Procedure for suspension

Step 1 — Before suspending implementation of the *project*, the Agency must send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary:

- (a) informing it of:
 - (i) its intention to suspend the implementation;
 - (ii) the reasons for suspension;
 - (iii) the necessary conditions for resuming the implementation in the cases referred to in points (a) and (b) of Article II.16.2.1; and
- (b) inviting it to submit observations within 30 calendar days of receiving the formal notification.
- Step 2 If the Agency does not receive observations or decides to pursue the procedure despite the observations it has received, it must send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary informing it of:
 - (a) the suspension of the implementation;
 - (b) the reasons for suspension; and
 - (c) the final conditions for resuming the implementation in the cases referred to in points (a) and (b) of Article II.16.2.1,; or
 - (d) the indicative date of completion of the necessary verification in the case referred to in point (c) of Article II.16.2.1,.

The coordinating beneficiary must immediately inform the other beneficiaries of the suspension. The suspension takes effect five calendar days after the *formal notification* is received by the coordinating beneficiary or on a later date specified in the *formal notification*.

Otherwise, the Agency must send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary informing it that it is not continuing the suspension procedure.

II.16.2.3 Resuming implementation

In order to resume the implementation, the beneficiaries must meet the notified conditions as soon as possible and must inform the Agency of any progress made.

If the conditions for resuming the implementation are met or the necessary verifications are carried out, the Agency must send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary:

(a) informing it that the conditions for lifting the suspension are met; and

(b) requiring it to present a request for amendment of the Agreement as provided for in Article II.16.3. This obligation does not apply if the Agreement or the participation of a beneficiary is terminated in accordance with Articles II.17.1, II.17.2 or points (c), (g) or (h) of Article II.17.3.1.

II.16.3 Effects of the suspension

If the implementation of the *project* can be resumed and the Agreement has not been terminated, an amendment to the Agreement must be made in accordance with Article II.13 in order to:

- (a) set the date on which the *project* is to be resumed;
- (b) extend the duration of the project; and
- (c) make other changes necessary to adapt the *project* to the new situation.

The suspension is lifted with effect from the resumption date set out in the amendment. This date may be before the date on which the amendment enters into force.

Costs incurred during the period of suspension that relate to the implementation of the suspended *project* or the suspended part of it may not be reimbursed or covered by the grant.

Suspending implementation of the *project* does not affect the Agency's right to terminate the Agreement or to terminate the participation of a beneficiary in accordance with Article II.17.3, reduce the grant or recover amounts unduly paid in accordance with Articles II.25.4 and II.26.

Neither party may claim damages due to suspension by the other party.

ARTICLE II.17 — TERMINATION OF THE AGREEMENT

II.17.1 Termination of the Agreement by the coordinating beneficiary

The beneficiaries may terminate the Agreement.

The coordinating beneficiary must send a *formal notification* of termination to the Agency, stating:

- (a) the reasons for termination; and
- (b) the date on which the termination takes effect. This date must be set after the *formal notification*.

If the coordinating beneficiary does not state the reasons for the termination or if the Agency considers that the reasons do not justify termination, the Agreement is considered to have been terminated improperly.

The termination takes effect on the day specified in the *formal notification*.

II.17.2 Termination of the participation of one or more beneficiaries by the coordinating beneficiary

The participation of one or more beneficiaries may be terminated by the coordinating beneficiary at the request of the associated beneficiary concerned or on behalf of the other associated beneficiaries.

The coordinating beneficiary must send a *formal notification* of termination to the Agency and inform the beneficiary concerned by termination.

If the coordinating beneficiary's participation is terminated without its agreement, the *formal notification* must be submitted by another associated beneficiary (acting on behalf of the other associated beneficiaries).

The formal notification must include:

- (a) the reasons for termination;
- (b) the opinion of the beneficiary concerned by termination (or proof that this opinion has been requested in writing);
- (c) the date on which the termination takes effect. This date must be set after the *formal* notification; and
- (d) a request for amendment as provided for in Article II.17.4.2(a).

If the coordinating beneficiary or beneficiary does not state the reasons for the termination or if the Agency considers that the reasons do not justify termination, the participation will be considered to have been terminated improperly.

The termination takes effect on the day specified in the formal notification.

II.17.3 Termination of the Agreement or the participation of one or more beneficiaries by the Agency

II.17.3.1 Grounds for termination

The Agency may terminate the Agreement or the participation of any one or several beneficiaries, if:

- (a) a change to the beneficiary's legal, financial, technical, organisational or ownership situation is likely to affect the implementation of the Agreement substantially or calls into question the decision to award the grant or a change regarding the exclusion situations listed in Article 136 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1046, that calls into question the decision to award the grant;;
- (b) following the termination of the participation of any one or several beneficiaries, the necessary modifications to the Agreement would call into question the decision awarding the grant or would result in unequal treatment of applicants;
- (c) the beneficiaries, any related person or any natural person who is essential for the award or for the implementation of the Agreement have committed serious breach of obligations, including improper implementation of the project as described in Annex II;
- (d) the implementation of the *project* is prevented or suspended due to *force majeure* or exceptional circumstances and either:
 - (i) resumption is impossible; or

- (ii) the necessary changes to the Agreement would call into question the decision awarding the grant or be contrary to the equal treatment of applicants;
- (e) a beneficiary or a natural or legal person that assumes unlimited liability for the debts of that beneficiary:
 - (i) is declared bankrupt, is subject to insolvency or winding up procedures, its assets are being administered by a liquidator or by a Court, has entered into an agreement with creditors, has suspended business activities or is in any analogous situation arising from a similar procedure provided for under the Union or national law;
 - (ii) is in breach of its obligations relating to the payment of taxes or social security contributions in accordance with the applicable law;
- (f) a beneficiary or any *related person* or any natural person who is essential for the award or for the implementation of the Agreement has committed:
 - (i) grave professional misconduct proven by any means;
 - (ii) fraud;
 - (iii) corruption;
 - (iv) conduct related to criminal organisations;
 - (v) money laundering;
 - (vi) terrorism-related crimes (including terrorism financing);
 - (vii)child labour or other offences concerning trafficking of human beings;
- (g) the Agency has evidence that a beneficiary or any *related person* or any natural person who is essential for the award or for the implementation of the Agreement has committed *irregularities* or *breach of obligations* in the award procedure or while implementing the Agreement, including if that beneficiary or *related person* or natural person has submitted false information or failed to provide required information;
- (h) the Agency has evidence that a beneficiary has committed systemic or recurrent irregularities, fraud or serious breach of obligations in other Union or Euratom grants awarded to it under similar conditions and such irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations have a material impact on this grant;
- (i) a beneficiary or any related person or any natural person who is essential for the award or for the implementation of the Agreement has created an entity under a different jurisdiction with the intend to circumvent fiscal, social or any other legal obligations in the jurisdiction of its registered office, central administration or principal place of business;
- (j) a beneficiary or any related person or any natural person who is essential for the award or for the implementation of the Agreement has been created with the intend referred to in point (i) or
- (k) the Agency has sent a beneficiary, through the coordinating beneficiary, a *formal notification* asking it to end the participation of its affiliated entity because that entity is in a situation provided for in points (e) to (j)and that beneficiary has failed to request an amendment ending the participation of the entity and reallocating its tasks.

II.17.3.2 Procedure for termination

Step 1- Before terminating the Agreement or participation of one or more beneficiaries, the Agency must send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary:

- (a) informing it of:
 - (i) its intention to terminate;
 - (ii) the reasons for termination; and
- (b) requiring it, within 45 calendar days of receiving the formal notification,:
 - (i) to submit observations on behalf of all beneficiaries; and
 - (ii) in the case of point (c) of Article II.17.3.1, to inform the Agency of the measures to ensure compliance with the obligations under the Agreement.

Step 2 — If the Agency does not receive observations or decides to pursue the procedure despite the observations it has received, it will send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary informing it of the termination and the date on which it takes effect. The coordinating beneficiary must immediately inform the other beneficiaries of the termination.

Otherwise, the Agency must send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary informing it that the termination procedure is not continued.

The termination takes effect:

- (a) for terminations under points (a), (b), (c) and (e) of Article II.17.3.1: on the day specified in the *formal notification* of termination referred to in the second subparagraph (i.e. in Step 2 above);
- (b) for terminations under points (d), (f), (g), (h) and (i) of Article II.17.3.1: on the day after the coordinating beneficiary receives the *formal notification* of termination referred to in the second subparagraph (i.e. in Step 2 above).

II.17.4 Effects of termination

II.17.4.1 Effects of terminating the Agreement:

Within 60 calendar days from the day on which the termination takes effect, the coordinating beneficiary must submit a request for payment of the balance as provided for in Article I.4.4.

If the Agency does not receive the request for payment of the balance by the above deadline, only costs which are included in an approved technical report and, where relevant, in an approved financial statement, are reimbursed or covered by the grant.

If the Agreement is terminated by the Agency because the coordinating beneficiary has breached its obligation to submit the request for payment, the coordinating beneficiary may not submit any request for payment after termination. In that case the second subparagraph applies.

The Agency calculates the final grant amount as referred to in Article II.25 and the balance as referred to in Article I.5.4 on the basis of the reports submitted. Only activities undertaken before the date when the termination takes effect or the end date of the *implementation period*

as specified in Article I.2.2, whichever is the earliest, must be taken into account. Where the grant takes the form of reimbursement of costs actually incurred as provided for in Article I.3.2(a)(i), only costs incurred before termination takes effect are reimbursed or covered by the grant. Costs relating to contracts due for execution only after termination are not taken into account and are not reimbursed or covered by the grant.

The Agency may reduce the grant in accordance with Article II.25.4 in case of:

- (a) improper termination of the Agreement by the coordinating beneficiary within the meaning of Article II.17.1; or
- (b) termination of the Agreement by the Agency on any of the grounds set out in points (c), (f), (g), (h) and (i) of Article II.17.3.1.

Neither party may claim damages on the grounds that the other party terminated the Agreement.

After termination, the beneficiaries' obligations continue to apply, in particular those under Articles I.4, II.6, II.8, II.9, II.14, II.27 and any additional provisions on the use of the results, as set out in the Special Conditions.

II.17.4.2 Effects of terminating the participation of one or more beneficiaries:

- a) The coordinating beneficiary must submit a request for amendment including:
 - (i) a proposal to reallocate the tasks of the beneficiary or beneficiaries concerned by the termination; and
 - (ii) if necessary, the addition of one or more new beneficiaries to succeed the beneficiary or beneficiaries concerned in all their rights and obligations under the Agreement.

If the Agency terminates the participation of a beneficiary, the coordinating beneficiary must submit the request for amendment within 60 calendar days from the day on which the termination takes effect.

If the coordinating beneficiary terminates the participation of a beneficiary, the request for amendment must be included in the *formal notification* of termination referred to in Article II.17.2.

If termination takes effect after the end of the *implementation period*, no request for amendment must be provided unless the beneficiary concerned is the coordinating beneficiary. In this case, the request for amendment must propose a new coordinating beneficiary.

If the request for amendment is rejected by the Agency, the Agreement may be terminated in accordance with Article II.17.3.1 (b). The request for amendment may be rejected if it calls into question the decision awarding the grant or is contrary to the equal treatment of applicants.

- b) The beneficiary concerned by termination must submit to the coordinating beneficiary:
 - (i) a technical report; and

(ii) a financial statement covering the period from the end of the last reporting period to the date when termination takes effect.

The coordinating beneficiary must include this information in the payment request for the next reporting period.

Only activities undertaken before the date when the termination takes effect must be taken into account. Where the grant takes the form of reimbursement of costs actually incurred as provided for in Article I.3.2(a)(i), only costs incurred by the beneficiary concerned before termination takes effect are reimbursed or covered by the grant. Costs relating to contracts due for execution only after termination are not reimbursed or covered by the grant.

The Agency may reduce the grant in accordance with Article II.25.4. in case of:

- (a) improper termination of the participation of a beneficiary by the coordinating beneficiary within the meaning of Article II.17.2 or
- (b) termination of the participation of a beneficiary by the Agency on any of the grounds set out in points (c), (f), (g), (h) or (i) of Article II.17.3.1.

Neither party may claim damages on the grounds that the other party terminated the participation of a beneficiary.

After termination, the concerned beneficiary's obligations continue to apply, in particular those under Articles I.4, II.6, II.8, II.9, II.14, II.27 and any additional provisions on the use of the results, as set out in the Special Conditions.

ARTICLE II.18 — APPLICABLE LAW, SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES AND ENFORCEABLE DECISIONS

- II.18.1 The Agreement is governed by the applicable Union law, complemented, where necessary, by the law of Belgium.
- II.18.2 In accordance with Article 272 TFEU, the General Court or, on appeal, the Court of Justice of the European Union, has sole jurisdiction to hear any dispute between the Union and any beneficiary concerning the interpretation, application or validity of the Agreement, if such dispute cannot be settled amicably.
- II.18.3 In accordance with Article 299 TFEU, for the purposes of recovery within the meaning of Article II.26, the Agency/Commission may adopt an enforceable decision to impose pecuniary obligations on persons other than States.

An *action* may be brought against such decision before the General Court of the European Union in accordance with Article 263 TFEU.

PART B — FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE II.19 — ELIGIBLE COSTS

II.19.1 Conditions for the eligibility of costs

Eligible costs of the project are costs actually incurred by the beneficiary and which meet the following criteria:

- (a) they are incurred within the *implementation period*, with the exception of costs relating to the request for payment of the balance and the corresponding supporting documents referred to in Article I.4.4;
 - A cost shall be considered as incurred in the *implementation period* when the legal obligation to pay was contracted after the starting date and before the end date of the project, or after the signature of the grant agreement by the Agency in case this signature takes place before the project starting date;
- (b) they are indicated in the estimated budget of the *project*. The estimated budget is set out in Annex III;
- (c) they are incurred in connection with the project as described in Annex II and are necessary for its implementation;
- (d) they are identifiable and verifiable, in particular they are recorded in the beneficiary's accounting records and determined according to the applicable accounting standards of the country where the beneficiary is established and according to the beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices;
- (e) they comply with the requirements of applicable tax and social legislation; and
- (f) they are reasonable, justified and comply with the principle of sound financial management, in particular regarding economy and efficiency.

II.19.2 Eligible direct costs

To be eligible, the *direct cost* of the *project* must comply with the eligibility conditions set out in Article II.19.1.

In particular, the following categories of costs are eligible *direct costs*, provided that they satisfy the eligibility conditions set out in Article II.19.1 as well as the following conditions:

(a) the costs of personnel working under an employment contract with the beneficiary or an equivalent appointing act and assigned to the *project*, provided that these costs are in line with the beneficiary's usual policy on remuneration.

Those costs include actual salaries plus social security contributions and other statutory costs included in the remuneration. They may also comprise additional remunerations, including payments on the basis of supplementary contracts regardless of the nature of those contracts, provided that they are paid in a consistent manner whenever the same kind of work or expertise is required, independently from the source of funding used;

The costs of natural persons working under a contract with the beneficiary other than an employment contract or who are seconded to the beneficiary by a third party against payment may also be included under such personnel costs, provided that the following conditions are fulfilled:

- (i) the person works under conditions similar to those of an employee (in particular regarding the way the work is organised, the tasks that are performed and the premises where they are performed);
- (ii) the result of the work belongs to the beneficiary (unless exceptionally agreed otherwise); and
- (iii) the costs are not significantly different from the costs of staff performing similar tasks under an employment contract with the beneficiary;

The sum of the public contributions as beneficiaries to the project budget must exceed by at least 2 % the sum of the salary costs charged to the project described in Annex III for public body employees who are not considered 'additional'.

'Additional' personnel includes all employees – permanent or temporary – of public bodies whose contracts or contract renewals:

- start on or after the start date of the project or on or after the date of signature of the grant agreement by the Agency in case this date takes place before the project start date, and
- specifically second/assign them to the project.
- (b) **costs of travel and related subsistence allowances**, provided that these costs are in line with the beneficiary's usual practices on travel;
- (c) Depreciation costs and prototypes
 - (i) the **depreciation costs of durable goods** or other assets (new or second-hand equipment or infrastructure) as recorded in the beneficiary's accounting statements (i.e. placed on its inventory or other type of registry of durable goods/other assets or treated as capital expenditure in accordance with the applicable tax and accounting rules), provided that the asset:
 - (i) is written off in accordance with the international accounting standards and the beneficiary's usual accounting practices; and
 - (ii) has been purchased in accordance with Article II.10.1 if the purchase occurred within the *implementation period*;

The costs of renting or leasing equipment or other assets are also eligible, provided that these costs do not exceed the depreciation costs of similar equipment or assets and are exclusive of any finance fee;

Only the portion of the equipment's depreciation, rental or lease costs corresponding to the *implementation period* and the rate of actual use for the purposes of the *project* may be taken into account when determining the eligible costs.

The calculation basis for the eligible depreciation costs may not exceed the following ceilings:

- Equipment costs: 50% of the total purchase cost,
- Infrastructure costs: 25% of the total purchase cost;

By way of exception, the full cost of purchase of durable goods may be eligible under the Special Conditions, if this is justified by the nature of the *project* and the context of the use of the equipment or assets;

Costs incurred for the purchase of durable goods, including notice boards, can only be eligible if they bear the LIFE logo (and the Natura 2000 logo, when applicable);

A *prototype* is equipment or infrastructure specifically created for the implementation of the project and that has never been commercialised and/or is not available as a serial product. The prototype must play a crucial role in the demonstration activities of the project.

- (d) costs of consumables and supplies with the exception of general office consumables and supplies, provided that they:
 - (i) are purchased in accordance with Article II.10.1; and
 - (ii) are directly assigned to the project;
- (e) costs arising directly from requirements imposed by the Agreement (dissemination of information, specific evaluation of the *project*, audits, translations, reproduction), including the costs of requested financial guarantees, provided that the corresponding services are purchased in accordance with Article II.10.1.;
- (f) costs entailed by subcontracts (also referred to as external assistance costs) within the meaning of Article II.11, provided that the conditions laid down in Article II.11.1 (a), (b), (c) and (d) are met;
- (g) costs of financial support to third parties
- (h) duties, taxes and charges paid by the beneficiary, notably value added tax (VAT), provided that they are included in eligible *direct costs*, and unless specified otherwise in the Agreement.

Non-deductible VAT is eligible as expenditure, save for those activities matching the concept of sovereign powers exercised by Member States;

- (i) Costs incurred for land purchase or long-term lease of land or one-off compensations for land use rights regarding a plot of land which is intrinsically connected with implementation of the project and explicitly envisaged therein, shall be considered eligible in full provided that:
 - (aa) in and beyond the project the purchase will contribute to improving, maintaining and restoring the integrity of the Natura 2000 network, including through

- improving connectivity by the creation of corridors, stepping stones, or other elements of green infrastructure;
- (bb) the land or land use rights acquired are owned by an entity or natural person who is not a project beneficiary or staff thereof and in relation to whom a conflict of interest can be excluded;
- (cc) land purchase is the only or most cost-effective way of achieving the desired conservation outcome and the purchase price is based on market terms;
- (dd) the land purchased is reserved in the long term for uses consistent with the objectives set out in Articles 11, 14 or 15 of the LIFE Regulation; and
- (ee) the Member State concerned shall, by way of transfer or otherwise, ensure the long-term assignment of such land to nature conservation purposes.
- (ff) the land/rights seller is not a public authority, with the exception of short-term leases by local authorities;
- (gg) for land purchased as provided for in the project, the coordinating beneficiary shall ensure the entry in the land register includes a guarantee that the land will be assigned definitively to nature conservation. If in a given Member State the land register does not exist or it does not provide a sufficient legal guarantee, the coordinating beneficiary shall have a clause for the definitive assignment of the land to nature conservation included in the land sale contract. For countries where it would be illegal to include such a guarantee both in the land register and in the sale contract, the Agency may accept an equivalent guarantee in this connection, provided it offers the same legal level of protection in the long term and complies with the requirement contained in Article 20(3) of Regulation No 1293/2013:
- (hh) in addition, for land purchased by private organisations, the entry in the land register (or the sales contract if accepted in lieu thereof if accepted as per the previous paragraph) includes a guarantee that the land property will be transferred to a legal body primarily active in the field of nature protection, in case of dissolution of the private organisation or its incapacity to manage the land according to nature conservation requirements. For countries where it would be illegal to include such a guarantee in the land register or sales contract, the Agency may accept an equivalent guarantee in this connection, provided it offers the same legal level of protection in the long term and complies with the requirement contained in Article 20(3) of Regulation No 1293/2013;
- (ii) for the purchase of rights, the entry in the land register must be duly amended;
- (jj) in case of land purchased to be exchanged at a later date for another parcel on which project projects will be undertaken, the exchange is carried out before the end of the project at the latest and the provisions of the present Article shall apply to the lands received through the exchange. The land purchased to be exchanged shall be exempt, at the stage of the mid-term reporting, from the guarantee that the land will be assigned definitively to nature conservation.

The duration of a *land lease* shall either be restricted to the duration of the project (short term lease), in which case it is considered subcontracting, or be at least of 20 years (long-term lease) and shall be compatible with the needs of habitat and species protection. In the case of long-term lease of land, the lease contract shall clearly include

all the provisions and commitments that will permit the achievement of its objectives in terms of habitat and species protection.

The LIFE Land Purchase Database (LPD) stores electronic data of land parcels financed by LIFE. The coordinating beneficiary is responsible for entering and validating the land purchase data (both descriptive and spatial) in the LPD at the stage of the final report submission. The data format will have to be adapted to the GIS standards used in the LPD. The coordinating beneficiary will be provided access to the LPD six months before the project end date as specified in Article I.2.2.

Costs incurred for payment of compensation for foregone income shall be eligible provided that the expense was necessary for reaching the objectives of a LIFE Nature, LIFE Climate Change Mitigation or LIFE Climate Change Adaptation Integrated project, and that the payment of compensation:

- · corresponds to market prices;
- is formalised through a legal document; and
- compensation is not paid to a public authority, with the exception of compensation to a local authority if explicitly authorised by the Agency as being essential to achieving the goals of the project.
- (j) Costs incurred for the production of communication material, including websites, can only be eligible if they are bearing the LIFE logo (and the Natura 2000 logo, when applicable.

II.19.3 Eligible indirect costs

To be eligible, *indirect costs* of the *project* (also referred to as 'overheads') must represent a fair apportionment of the overall overheads of the beneficiary and must comply with the conditions of eligibility set out in Article II.19.1.

Eligible indirect costs shall be declared on the basis of a flat rate as specified in Annex III in accordance with Article I.3.2 (a) (iv) and shall not exceed 7% of the eligible direct costs of the beneficiary, excluding costs of land purchase/long-term lease of land/one-off compensations for land use rights.

II.19.4 Ineligible costs

In addition to any other costs which do not fulfil the conditions set out in Article II.19.1, the following costs may not be considered eligible:

- (a) return on capital and dividends paid by a beneficiary;
- (b) debt and debt service charges;
- (c) provisions for losses or debts;
- (d) interest owed:
- (e) doubtful debts;
- (f) exchange losses;

- (g) costs of transfers from the Agency charged by the bank of a beneficiary;
- (h) costs declared by the beneficiary under another project receiving a grant financed from the Union budget. Such grants include grants awarded by a Member State and financed from the Union budget and grants awarded by bodies other than the Agency for the purpose of implementing the Union budget. In particular, beneficiaries receiving an operating grant financed by the EU or Euratom budget cannot declare indirect costs for the period(s) covered by the operating grant, unless they can demonstrate that the operating grant does not cover any costs of the project.
- (i) contributions in kind from third parties;
- (i) excessive or reckless expenditure;
- (k) deductible VAT.
- (l) any costs related to actions that may be considered as compensatory or mitigation measures for damages⁹ caused to nature or biodiversity by permitted plans or projects;
- (m)unless explicitly foreseen in the project description in Annex II, any costs related to management plans, action plans and similar plans¹⁰, drafted or modified in the context of a LIFE project, if the related plan is not adopted and operational before the project end date. This includes the completion, before the project end date, of all procedural/legal steps in Member States where such procedures are foreseen;
- (n) costs for major infrastructure or fundamental scientific research unless explicitly foreseen in the project description in Annex II;

ARTICLE II.20 — IDENTIFIABILITY AND VERIFIABILITY OF THE AMOUNTS DECLARED

II.20.1 Declaring costs and contributions

Each beneficiary must declare as eligible costs or as a requested contribution:

- (a) for actual costs: the costs it actually incurred for the *project*;
- (b) for unit costs or unit contributions: Not applicable;
- (c) for lump sum costs or lump sum contributions: Not applicable;
- (d) for flat-rate costs or flat-rate contributions: the amount obtained by applying the flat rate specified in Article I.3.2(a)(iv) or (d);
- (e) for unit costs declared on the basis of the beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices: Not applicable;
- (f) for lump sum costs declared on the basis of the beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices: Not applicable;
- (g) for flat-rate costs declared on the basis of the beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices: Not applicable;

¹⁰ Obligatory "After-LIFE plans" are not included in this category.

II.20.2 Records and other documentation to support the costs and contributions declared

Each beneficiary must provide the following if requested to do so in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27:

- (a) for actual costs: adequate supporting documents to prove the costs declared, such as contracts, invoices and accounting records.
 - In addition, the beneficiary's usual accounting and internal control procedures must permit direct reconciliation of the amounts declared with the amounts recorded in its accounting statements and with the amounts indicated in the supporting documents;
- (b) for unit costs or unit contributions: adequate supporting documents to prove the number of units declared.
 - The beneficiary does not need to identify the actual eligible costs covered or to provide supporting documents, such as accounting statements, to prove the amount declared per unit;
- (c) for lump sum costs or lump sum contributions: adequate supporting documents to prove that the *action* has been properly implemented.
 - The beneficiary does not need to identify the actual eligible costs covered or to provide supporting documents, such as accounting statements, to prove the amount declared as a lump sum;
- (d) for flat-rate costs or flat-rate contributions: adequate supporting documents to prove the eligible costs or requested contribution to which the flat rate applies.

The beneficiary does not need to identify the actual eligible costs covered or to provide supporting documents, such as accounting statements, for the flat rate applied;

II.20.3 Conditions to determine the compliance of cost accounting practices

Not applicable

ARTICLE II.21 — ELIGIBILITY OF COSTS OF ENTITIES AFFILIATED TO THE BENEFICIARIES

If the Special Conditions contain a provision on entities affiliated to the beneficiaries, costs incurred by such an entity are eligible, if:

- (a) they satisfy the same conditions under Articles II.19 and II.20 as apply to the beneficiary; and
- (b) the beneficiary to which the entity is affiliated ensures that the conditions applicable to the beneficiary under Articles II.4, II.5, II.6, II.8, II.10, II.11 and II.27 are also applicable to the entity.

ARTICLE II.22 — BUDGET TRANSFERS

Beneficiaries are allowed to adjust the estimated budget set out in Annex III by transfers between themselves, and up to a limit of 20% of the overall eligible costs between the different budget categories, if the *project* is implemented as described in Annex II. This adjustment does not require an amendment of the Agreement as provided for in Article II.13.

However, the beneficiaries may not add costs relating to *subcontracts* not provided for in Annex I, unless such additional *subcontracts* are approved by the Agency in accordance with Article II.11.1(d).

ARTICLE II.23 — NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REPORTING OBLIGATIONS

The Agency may terminate the Agreement as provided for in Article II.17.3.1(c) and may reduce the grant as provided for in Article II.25.4 if the coordinating beneficiary:

- (a) did not submit a request for interim payment or payment of the balance accompanied by the documents referred to in Articles I.4.3 or I.4.4 within 90 calendar days following the end of the corresponding reporting period; and
- (b) still fails to submit such a request within further 60 calendar days following a written reminder sent by the Agency.

ARTICLE II.24 — SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS AND TIME LIMIT FOR PAYMENT

II.24.1 Suspension of payments

II.24.1.1 Grounds for suspension

The Agency may at any moment suspend, in whole or in part, the pre-financing payment and interim payments for one or more beneficiaries or the payment of the balance for all beneficiaries:

- (a) if the Agency has evidence that a beneficiary has committed *irregularities*, *fraud* or *breach of obligations* in the award procedure or while implementing the Agreement or if a beneficiary fails to comply with its obligations under the Agreement;
- (b) if the Agency has evidence that a beneficiary has committed systemic or recurrent irregularities, fraud or serious breach of obligations in other grants funded by the Union or the European Atomic Energy Community ('Euratom') awarded to the beneficiary under similar conditions and such irregularities, fraud or breach have a material impact on this grant; or
- (c) if the Agency suspects *irregularities*, *fraud* or *breach of obligations* committed by a beneficiary in the award procedure or while implementing the Agreement and needs to verify whether they have actually occurred.

II.24.1.2 Procedure for suspension

Step 1 — Before suspending payments, the Agency must send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary:

(a) informing it of:

- (i) its intention to suspend payments;
- (ii) the reasons for suspension;
- (iii) in the cases referred to in points (a) and (b) of Article II.24.1.1, the conditions that need to be met for payments to resume; and
- (b) inviting it to submit observations within 30 calendar days of receiving the *formal* notification.

Step 2 — If the Agency does not receive observations or decides to pursue the procedure despite the observations it has received, it must send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary informing it of:

- (a) the suspension of payments;
- (b) the reasons for suspension;
- (c) the final conditions under which payments may resume in the cases referred to in points (a) and (b) of Article II.24.1.1;
- (d) the indicative date of completion of the necessary verification in the case referred to in point (c) of Article II.24.1.1.

The coordinating beneficiary must immediately inform the other beneficiaries of the suspension. The suspension takes effect on the day the Agency sends *formal notification* of suspension (Step 2).

Otherwise, the Agency must send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary informing it that it is not continuing with the suspension procedure.

II.24.1.3 Effects of suspension

During the period of suspension of payments the coordinating beneficiary is not entitled to submit:

- (a) any requests for payments and supporting documents referred to in Articles I.4.2, I.4.3 and I.4.4; or
- (b) where the suspension concerns the pre-financing payments or interim payments for one or several beneficiaries only, any requests for payments and supporting documents relating to the participation of the concerned beneficiary or beneficiaries in the *project*.

The corresponding requests for payments and supporting documents may be submitted as soon as possible after resumption of payments or may be included in the first request for payment due following resumption of payments in accordance with the schedule laid down in Article I.4.1.

The suspension of payments does not affect the right of the coordinating beneficiary to suspend the implementation of the *project* as provided for in Article II.16.1 or to terminate the Agreement or the participation of a beneficiary as provided for in Articles II.17.1 and II.17.2.

II.24.1.4 Resuming payments

In order for the Agency to resume payments, the beneficiaries must meet the notified conditions as soon as possible and must inform the Agency of any progress made.

If the conditions for resuming payments are met, the suspension will be lifted. The Agency will send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary informing it of this.

II.24.2 Suspension of the time limit for payments

- **II.24.2.1** The Agency may at any moment suspend the time limit for payment specified in Articles I.4.9, I.4.10 and I.4.11 if a request for payment cannot be approved because:
 - (a) it does not comply with the Agreement;
 - (b) the appropriate supporting documents have not been produced; or
 - (c) there is a doubt about the eligibility of the costs declared in the financial statements and additional checks, reviews, audits or investigations are necessary.
- II.24.2.2 The Agency must send a *notification* to the coordinating beneficiary informing it of:
 - (a) the suspension; and
 - (b) the reasons for the suspension.

The suspension takes effect on the day the Agency sends the notification.

II.24.2.3 If the conditions for suspending the payment deadline are no longer met, the suspension will be lifted and the remaining period will resume.

If the suspension exceeds two months, the coordinating beneficiary may request the Agency if the suspension will continue.

If the payment deadline has been suspended because the technical reports or financial statements do not comply with the Agreement and the revised report or statement is not submitted or was submitted but is also rejected, the Agency may terminate the Agreement or the participation of the beneficiary as provided for in Article II.17.3.1(c) and reduce the grant as provided for in Article II.25.4.

ARTICLE II.25 — CALCULATION OF THE FINAL AMOUNT OF THE GRANT

The final amount of the grant depends on the extent to which the *project* has been implemented in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The final amount of the grant is calculated by the Agency at the time of the payment of the balance. The calculation involves the following steps:

- Step 1 Application of the reimbursement rate to the eligible costs and addition of the unit, flat-rate and lump sum contributions
- Step 2 Limit to the maximum amount of the grant
- Step 3 Reduction due to the no-profit rule
- Step 4 Reduction due to improper implementation or breach of other obligations.

II.25.1 Step 1 — Application of the reimbursement rate to the eligible costs and addition of the unit, flat-rate and lump sum contributions

This step is applied as follows:

- (a) If, as provided for in Article I.3.2(a), the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of eligible costs, the reimbursement rate specified in that Article is applied to the eligible costs of the *project* approved by the Agency for the corresponding categories of costs, beneficiaries and affiliated entities;
- (b) If, as provided for in Article I.3.2(a) (ii) to (v), the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of eligible unit costs, lump sum costs or flat rate costs, the reimbursement rate specified in that Article is applied to the those eligible costs as approved by the Agency for the corresponding categories of costs, beneficiaries and affiliated entities:

The accepted amount of volunteers' work for the corresponding beneficiaries and affiliated entities must be limited to the following amount, whichever is the lowest:

- the total sources of financing as indicated in the estimated budget set out in Annex III and as accepted by the Agency multiplied by fifty per cent; or
- (ii) the amount of volunteers' work as indicated in the final financial statement.
- (c) If, as provided for in Article I.3.2(b), the grant takes the form of a unit contribution, the unit contribution specified in that Article is multiplied by the actual number of units approved by the Agency for the beneficiary and its affiliated entities;
- (d) If, as provided for in Article I.3.2(c), the grant takes the form of a lump sum contribution, the Agency applies the lump sum specified in that Article for the beneficiary and its affiliated entities if it finds that the corresponding tasks or part of the *project* were implemented properly in accordance with Annex I;
- (e) If, as provided for in Article I.3.2(d), the grant takes the form of a flat-rate contribution, the flat rate referred to in that Article is applied to the eligible costs or to the contribution approved by the Agency for the beneficiary and its affiliated entities.

If Article I.3.2 provides for a combination of different forms of grant, the amounts obtained must be added together.

II.25.2 Step 2 — Limit to maximum amount of the grant

The total amount paid to the beneficiaries by the Agency may in no circumstances exceed the maximum amount of the grant.

If the amount obtained following Step 1 is higher than this maximum amount, the final amount of the grant is limited to the latter.

If volunteers' work is declared as part of direct eligible costs, the final amount of the grant is limited to the amount of total eligible costs and contributions approved by the Agency minus the amount of volunteers' work approved by the Agency.

II.25.3 Step 3 — Reduction due to the no-profit rule

The grant may not produce a profit for the beneficiaries, unless specified otherwise in the Special Conditions.

The profit must be calculated as follows:

(a) calculate the surplus of the total receipts of the project, over the total eligible costs of the project, as follows:

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{ receipts of the project minus
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consolidated total eligible costs and contributions approved by the Agency corresponding to the amounts determined in accordance with Article II.25.1

The receipts of the project are calculated as follows:

{ the revenue generated by the *project* for beneficiaries and affiliated entities other than non-profit organisations

plus

the amount obtained following Steps 1 and 2

where the revenue generated by the *project* is the consolidated revenue established, generated or confirmed for beneficiaries and affiliated entities other than non-profit organisations on the date on which the request for payment of the balance is drawn up by the coordinator.

In-kind and financial contributions by third parties are not considered receipts.

(b) If the amount calculated under point (a) is positive, this amount will be deducted from the amount calculated following Steps 1 and 2, in proportion to the final rate of reimbursement of the actual eligible costs of the *project* approved by the Agency for the categories of costs referred to in Article I.3.2(a)(i).

II.25.4 Step 4 — Reduction due to improper implementation or breach of other obligations

The Agency may reduce the *maximum amount of the grant* if the *project* has not been implemented properly as described in Annex II (i.e. if it has not been implemented or has been implemented poorly, partially or late), or if another obligation under the Agreement has been breached.

The amount of the reduction will be proportionate to the degree to which the *project* has been implemented improperly or to the seriousness of the breach.

Before the Agency reduces the grant and except when the reduction is due to the non-respect of the 2% rule in Article II.19.2(a)(iii), it must send a *formal notification* to the coordinating beneficiary:

- (a) informing it of:
 - (i) its intention to reduce the maximum amount of the grant;
 - (ii) the amount by which it intends to reduce the grant;
 - (iii) the reasons for reduction;
- (b) inviting it to submit observations within 30 calendar days of receiving the formal notification.

If the Agency does not receive any observations or decides to pursue reduction despite the observations it has received, it will send a *formal notification* informing the coordinating beneficiary of its decision.

If the grant is reduced, the Agency must calculate the reduced grant amount by deducting the amount of the reduction (calculated in proportion to the improper implementation of the *project* or to the seriousness of the breach of obligations) from the *maximum amount of the grant*.

The final amount of the grant will be the lower of the following two:

- (a) the amount obtained following Steps 1 to 3; or
- (b) the reduced grant amount following Step 4.

ARTICLE II.26 — RECOVERY

II.26.1 Recovery at the time of payment of the balance

Where the payment of the balance takes the form of a recovery, the coordinating beneficiary must repay the Agency the amount in question, even if it was not the final recipient of the amount due. However, the Agency reserves the right, where appropriate, to recover the amount due directly from the final recipient.

II.26.2 Recovery after payment of the balance

Where an amount is to be recovered as provided for in Articles II.27.6, II.27.7 and II.27.8, the beneficiary concerned by the audit or OLAF findings must repay the Agency the amount in question. Where the audit findings do not concern a specific beneficiary (or its affiliated entities), the coordinating beneficiary must repay the Agency the amount in question, even if it was not the final recipient of the amount due.

Each beneficiary is responsible for the repayment of any amount unduly paid by the Agency as a contribution towards the costs incurred by its affiliated entities.

II.26.3 Recovery procedure

Before recovery, the Agency must send a formal notification to the beneficiary concerned:

- (a) informing it of its intention to recover the amount unduly paid;
- (b) specifying the amount due and the reasons for recovery; and
- (c) inviting the beneficiary to make any observations within a specified period.

If no observations have been submitted or if, despite the observations submitted by the beneficiary, the Agency decides to pursue the recovery procedure, the Agency may confirm recovery by sending a *formal notification* to the beneficiary consisting of a debit note, specifying the terms and the date for payment.

If payment has not been made by the date specified in the debit note, the Agency/Commission will recover the amount due:

(a) by offsetting it, without the beneficiary's prior consent, against any amounts owed to the beneficiary by the Agency, the Commission or an executive agency (from the Union or the European Atomic Energy Community (Euratom) budget) ('offsetting');

In exceptional circumstances, to safeguard the financial interests of the Union, the Agency may offset before the due date.

An action may be brought against such offsetting before the General Court of the European Union in accordance with Article 263 TFEU;

- (b) by drawing on the financial guarantee where provided for in accordance with Article I.4.9 ('drawing on the financial guarantee');
- (c) by holding the beneficiaries jointly and severally liable up to the maximum EU contribution indicated, for each beneficiary, in the estimated budget (Annex III as last amended);
- (d) by taking legal action as provided for in Article II.18.2 or in the Special Conditions or by adopting an enforceable decision as provided for in Article II.18.3.

II.26.4 Interest on late payment

If payment is not made by the date in the debit note, the amount to be recovered will be increased by late-payment interest at the rate set out in Article I.4.13 from the day following the date for payment in the debit note up to and including the date the Agency receives full payment of the amount.

Partial payments must first be credited against charges and late-payment interest and then against the principal.

II.26.5 Bank charges

Bank charges incurred in the recovery process must be borne by the beneficiary concerned, unless Directive 2007/64/EC¹¹ applies.

ARTICLE II.27 — CHECKS, AUDITS AND EVALUATIONS

II.27.1 Technical and financial checks, audits, interim and final evaluations

The Agency may, during the implementation of the *project* or afterwards, carry out technical and financial checks and audits to determine that the beneficiaries are implementing the *project* properly and are complying with the obligations under the Agreement. It may also check the beneficiaries' statutory records for the purpose of periodic assessments of lump sum, unit cost or flat-rate amounts.

Information and documents provided as part of checks or audits must be treated on a confidential basis.

In addition, the Agency may carry out an interim or final evaluation of the impact of the *project*, measured against the objective of the Union programme concerned.

Agency checks, audits or evaluations may be carried out either directly by the Agency's own staff or by any other outside body authorised to do so on its behalf.

The Agency may initiate such checks, audits or evaluations during the implementation of the Agreement and during a period of five years starting from the date of payment of the balance. This period is limited to three years if the *maximum amount of the grant* is not more than EUR 60,000.

The check, audit or evaluation procedures are considered to be initiated on the date of receipt of the letter of the Agency announcing it.

If the audit is carried out on an affiliated entity, the beneficiary concerned must inform that affiliated entity.

II.27.2 Duty to keep documents

The beneficiaries must keep all original documents, especially accounting and tax records, stored on any appropriate medium, including digitalised originals when they are authorised by their respective national law and under the conditions laid down therein, during a period of five years starting from the date of payment of the balance.

The period during which documents must be kept is limited to three years if the *maximum* amount of the grant is not more than EUR 60,000.

The periods set out in the first and second subparagraphs are longer if there are ongoing audits, appeals, litigation or pursuit of claims concerning the grant, including in the cases

¹¹ Directive 2007/64/EC¹¹ of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 November 2007 on payment services in the internal market amending Directives 97/7/EC, 2002/65/EC, 2005/60/EC and 2006/48/EC and repealing Directive 97/5/EC.



referred to in Article II.27.7. In such cases, the beneficiaries must keep the documents until such audits, appeals, litigation or pursuit of claims have been closed.

II.27.3 Obligation to provide information

Where a check, audit or evaluation is initiated before the payment of the balance, the coordinating beneficiary must provide any information, including information in electronic format, requested by the Agency or by any other outside body authorised by the Agency. Where appropriate, the Agency may request that a beneficiary provides such information directly.

Where a check or audit is initiated after payment of the balance, the information referred to in the previous subparagraph must be provided by the beneficiary concerned.

If the beneficiary concerned does not comply with the obligations set out in the first and second subparagraphs, the Agency may consider:

- (a) any cost insufficiently substantiated by information provided by the beneficiary as ineligible;
- (b) any unit, lump sum or flat-rate contribution insufficiently substantiated by information provided by the beneficiary as undue.

II.27.4 On-the-spot visits

During an on-the-spot visit, the beneficiaries must allow Agency staff and outside personnel authorised by the Agency to have access to the sites and premises where the *project* is or was carried out, and to all the necessary information, including information in electronic format.

They must ensure that the information is readily available at the moment of the on-the-spot visit and that information requested is handed over in an appropriate form.

If the beneficiary concerned refuses to provide access to the sites, premises and information as required in the first and second subparagraphs, the Agency may consider:

- (a) any cost insufficiently substantiated by information provided by the beneficiary as ineligible;
- (b) any unit, lump sum or flat-rate contribution insufficiently substantiated by information provided by the beneficiary as undue.

II.27.5 Contradictory audit procedure

On the basis of the findings made during the audit, a provisional report ('draft audit report') must be drawn up. It must be sent by the Agency or its authorised representative to the beneficiary concerned, which must have 30 calendar days from the date of receipt to submit observations. The final report ('final audit report') must be sent to the beneficiary concerned within 60 calendar days of expiry of the time limit for submission of observations.

II.27.6 Effects of audit findings

On the basis of the final audit findings, the Agency may take the measures it considers necessary, including recovery at the time of payment of the balance or after payment of the balance of all or part of the payments made by it, as provided for in Article II.26.

In the case of final audit findings after the payment of the balance, the amount to be recovered corresponds to the difference between the revised final amount of the grant, determined in accordance with Article II.25, and the total amount paid to the beneficiaries under the Agreement for the implementation of the *project*.

II.27.7 Correction of systemic or recurrent irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations

II.27.7.1 The Agency may extend audit findings from other grants to this grant if:

- (a) the beneficiary concerned is found to have committed systemic or recurrent *irregularities*, *fraud* or breach of obligations in other EU or Euratom grants awarded under similar conditions and such *irregularities*, *fraud* or *breach of obligations* have a material impact on this grant; and
- (b) the final audit findings are sent to the beneficiary concerned through a *formal* notification, together with the list of grants affected by the findings within the period referred to in Article II.27.1

The extension of findings may lead to:

- (a) the rejection of costs as ineligible;
- (b) reduction of the grant as provided for in Article II.25.4;
- (c) recovery of undue amounts as provided for in Article II.26;
- (d) suspension of payments as provided for in Article II.24.1;
- (e) suspension of the *project* implementation as provided for in Article II.16.2;
- (f) termination as provided for in Article II.17.3.
- **II.27.7.2** The Agency must send a *formal notification* to the beneficiary concerned informing it of the systemic or recurrent *irregularities*, *fraud* or *breach of obligations* and of its intention to extend the audit findings, together with the list of grants affected.
 - (a) If the findings concern eligibility of costs the procedure is as follows:

Step 1 — The *formal notification* must include:

- (i) an invitation to submit observations on the list of grants affected by the findings;
- (ii) a request to submit revised financial statements for all grants affected;
- (iii) where possible, the correction rate for extrapolation established by the Agency to calculate the amounts to be rejected on the basis of the systemic or recurrent *irregularities*, *fraud* or breach of obligations, if the beneficiary concerned:
 - considers that the submission of revised financial statements is not possible or practicable; or
 - will not submit revised financial statements.

- **Step 2** The beneficiary concerned has 60 calendar days from when it receives the *formal notification* to submit observations and revised financial statements or to propose a duly substantiated alternative correction method. This period may be extended by the Agency in justified cases.
- Step 3 If the beneficiary concerned submits revised financial statements that take account of the findings the Agency will determine the amount to be corrected on the basis of those revised statements.

If the beneficiary proposes an alternative correction method and the Agency accepts it, the Agency must send a *formal notification* to the beneficiary concerned informing it:

- (i) that it accepts the alternative method;
- (ii) of the revised eligible costs determined by applying this method.

Otherwise the Agency must send a *formal notification* to the beneficiary concerned informing it:

- (i) that it does not accept the observations or the alternative method proposed;
- (ii) of the revised eligible costs determined by applying the extrapolation method initially notified to the beneficiary.

If the systemic or recurrent *irregularities*, *fraud* or breach of obligations are found after the payment of the balance, the amount to be recovered corresponds to the difference between:

- (i) the revised final amount of the grant, determined in accordance with Article II.25 on the basis of the revised eligible costs declared by the beneficiary and approved by the Agency or on the basis of the revised eligible costs after extrapolation; and
- (ii) the total amount paid to the beneficiaries under the Agreement for the implementation of the *project*;
- (b) If the findings concern improper implementation or a breach of another obligation the procedure is as follows:
- Step 1 The formal notification must include:
 - (i) an invitation to the beneficiary to submit observations on the list of grants affected by the findings and
 - (ii) the correction flat rate the Agency intends to apply to the maximum amount of the grant or to part of it, according to the principle of proportionality.
- **Step 2** The beneficiary concerned has 60 calendar days from receiving the *formal* notification to submit observations or to propose a duly substantiated alternative flat-rate.
- **Step 3** If the Agency accepts the alternative flat rate proposed by the beneficiary, it must send a *formal notification* to the beneficiary concerned informing it:
 - (i) that it accepts the alternative flat-rate;
 - (ii) of the corrected grant amount by applying this flat rate.

Otherwise the Agency must send a formal notification to the beneficiary concerned informing

- (i) that it does not accept the observations or the alternative flat rate proposed;
- (ii) of the corrected grant amount by applying the flat rate initially notified to the beneficiary.

If the systemic or recurrent *irregularities*, *fraud* or breach of obligations are found after the payment of the balance, the amount to be recovered corresponds to the difference between:

- (i) the revised final amount of the grant after flat-rate correction; and
- (ii) the total amount paid to the beneficiaries under the Agreement for the implementation of the *project*.

II.27.8 Rights of OLAF

The European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) has the same rights as the Agency, particularly the right of access, for the purpose of checks and investigations.

Under Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96¹² and Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013¹³ OLAF may also carry out on-the-spot checks and inspections in accordance with the procedures laid down by Union law for the protection of the financial interests of the Union against *fraud* and other *irregularities*.

Where appropriate, OLAF findings may lead to the Agency recovering amounts from beneficiaries.

Moreover, findings arising from an OLAF investigation may lead to criminal prosecutions under national law.

II.27.9 Rights of the European Court of Auditors and EPPO

The European Court of Auditors and the European Public Prosecutor's Office established by Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939¹⁴ ('the EPPO') has the same rights as the Agency, particularly the right of access, for the purpose of checks and audits.



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¹² Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities.

¹³ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF).

 $^{^{14}}$ Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office